THE
North-Carolina Standard.
WILLIAM W. HOLDEN,
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.
FRANK. I. WILSON, Associate Editor.

TERMS OF THE WEEKLY—*Two Dollars per annum*, in advance, or within the first month; Two Dollars and fifty cents, if payment be delayed six months; and Three Dollars, if not paid within six months from the time of subscribing.

TERMS OF THE SEMI-WEEKLY—*Four Dollars per annum*, in advance or within the first month; Four Dollars and fifty cents, if payment be delayed six months; and Five Dollars, if not paid within six months from the time of subscribing.

Terms of Advertising in the Standard.

Our regular rates of advertising are as follows:
One square, (14 lines or less) first insertion, - $1 00
Each subsequent insertion, - - - - - - 25

Longer advertisements in proportion.

Contracts will be made with advertisers, *at the above regular rates*, for six or twelve months, and at the close of the contract 33⅓ per cent. will be deducted from the gross amount.

Professional or business Cards, not exceeding five lines, will be inserted in either the Weekly or Semi-Weekly, for $6 for six months, or $10 for twelve months; or in both papers for $10 for six months, or $15 for twelve months.

☞ The paper will be sent to advertisers for six months or by the year, free of charge.

☞ Subscribers and others who may wish to send money to the Editor, can do so at all times, by mail, and at his risk. Receipts for all sums will be promptly transmitted. Letters to the Editor must come free of postage.

NORTH CAROLINA MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, Office, Raleigh, N. C. This Company insures the lives of individuals for one year, a term of years, or for life, on the MUTUAL PRINCIPLE, the assured for life participating in the profits of the Company. For policies granted for the whole term of life, when the premium therefor amounts to $30, a note may be given for one half the amount of the premium bearing interest at 6 per cent without guaranty.

The prompt manner in which all losses have been paid by this Company, together with the low rates of premium, present great inducements to such as are disposed to insure.

SLAVES are insured for a term of from one to five years, for two-thirds their value.

All losses are paid within 90 days after satisfactory proo is presented.

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CHARLES E. JOHNSON, WM. D. HAYWOOD, JAMES F. JORDAN, QUINTEN BUSBEE, H. W. HUSTED, WM. H. MCKEE, CHARLES B. ROOT, WM. W. HOLDEN, WM. D. COOKE, R. H. BATTLE, WM. H. JONES, P. F. PESCUD, SEATON GALES.

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For further information, the public are referred to the pamphlets, and forms of proposal, which may be obtained at the Office of the Company, or any of its Agencies.

Communications should be addressed, (post paid,) to JOHN G. WILLIAMS, *Secretary*.

July 10, 1855. 66—

AGRICULTURAL MACHINERY.—The subscriber has on hand the largest stock of Farming Implements to be found in the State, embracing horse powers which have taken the first premiums at the late Fair, held in Baltimore and this city; wheat Threshers, wheat Drills and Seed Sowers, corn Planters, Corn shellers of every kind, to shell from 300to1500 bushels per day, which are sold low, and warranted fully equal to any to be found in the Union; straw cutters for hand and horse power, hominy Mills, Grist mills capable of grinding 20 bushels of good meal per hour; Corn Cob Crushers, Vegetable Cutters, Fan mills, some of which have taken 54 premiums with several medals and certificates of their pre-eminence over all others; Harrows of every size and shape. Cullivators for one and two horses, with wrought and cast iron and reversable steel teeth, Cotton and Tobacco Cultivators, Plows of all patterns for one, two, three and four horses, as large and desirable an assortment as can be found in any house north or south, with 40 tons of Plow Castings to suit; ox Yokes, ox Bows, Yoke irons, Bow pins, whiffle Trees, Trase Chains, Ox and Log Chains, Axes, Grub hoes, wedges, Drag and Cultivator Teeth, spades, shovels, Forks, (some worth $6 each,) Garden Tools, hoes, Garden Plows and Cultivators, Chain Pumps, Cast Iron Pumps, Garden Engines, Post-hole Augers, Bull Rings, Ox Balls, Butter Churns, with every other desirable Implement for the Farm, to be found in any Agricultural House north or south, with many other desirable goods, viz: Bar Iron of all sizes for the farm, blacksmith, ship wright, carriage makers, &c. &c.; bellows, anvils, vices, stocks and dies, hand and sledge hammers, blast pipes, cast boxes, carriage axles and springs, couldrons and other hollow castings, grindstones framed and not framed, with friction rollers for same, &c., with a large lot of superior green and black teas, cigars, white and colored carpet warp, hemp twine for sturgeon nets, wrought and cut nails, ship and boat spikes, with a great many other goods, which cannot be enumerated in an advertisement. All in want, are invited to call and supply themselves on the best terms.

S. MARCH.

Norfolk, Va., Dec. 15, 1855. 10—

THE NORTH CAROLINA ARATOR.—THE UNDERSIGNED proposes to publish a journal, in the City of Raleigh, to be devoted to the great interests of the Farmers and Mechanics of North Carolina, under the above title. It will be issued monthly, in a neat and convenient form for reading and preservation, at one dollar per annum, *payable in advance*.

A leading object of the ARATOR will be to select from the numerous periodicals of the country whatever may be deemed solid and good, well suited to our section, and calculated to aid our Farmers and Mechanics in the march of improvement. The results of experience among our own citizens will also be carefully sought and brought to light, and the contributions of our most enterprising and skillful practical men given to the public, with a summary of general news and the state of the markets.

The true policy and interests of North Carolina will always be our motto: and if the friends of the cause of improvement shall be disposed to favor the enterprise, we respectfully solicit their names, and their aid in procuring subscribers.

Our friends will please forward all the names they can get by the 1st of February, and keep the Prospectus for further efforts. Payment will be required on receipt of the first number, which, if encouraged, will be issued by the 1st of March.

THOS. J. LEMAY.

Raleigh, January 1, 1855. 19—

OXFORD FEMALE COLLEGE.—THE NEXT Session will commence on the first Monday in January, 1855 and close the last Thursday in May.

RATES TUITION (PAYABLE ONE HALF IN ADVANCE.)

For Reading, Writing, with the first rudiments of English Grammar and Geography,	$10,00
English Grammar, Geography and Arithmetic,	12,50
For any thing higher,	15,00
For the College Classes, (without any extra charge for the Languages,)	20,00
EXTRA EXPENSES.	
Music on Piano,	20,00
Use of Instrument,	3,00
The same on Guitar,	12,00
Drawing and Painting,	15,00
Oil Painting,	5,00
Needle Work,	8,00
Board per month,	1,00
Washing per month,	

Musical Soirees will be given during each term.

T. T. GRANDY,
Sec'y of Board of Trustees.

Dec. 19, 1854. 9—1yw.

BLANK LAND DEEDS, OF THE LATEST AND most approved form, just printed, and for sale at the "Standard" office.

Also Writs, Subpoenas, Warrants, and a variety of other blanks.

Aug. 25, 1855. 79—

JOSEPH R. BLOSSOM,
Commission and Forwarding Merchant,
WILMINGTON, N. C.

WILL give his personal attention to business intrusted to his care, and shippers may rely on having prompt returns. Liberal advances made on consignments for sale in this market, or for shipment to Northern Ports.

March 9, 1855. 31—1y.

GROCERIES.—LOAF, CRUSHED, GROUND AND CLARIFIED SUGARS,
Java, Laguira, and Rio Coffee,
Sperm, Adamantine and Tallow Candles,
Sugar House Syrup and Molasses,
Maderia, Cherry, Port and Champagne Wines, Cooking Wines,
Cog. Brandy, warranted pure,
Old Monongahela Whiskey,
Jamaica Rum, Holland Gin,
London Brown and Scotch Ale, for sale by
JAMES McKIMMON.

NEGRO GOODS.—KERSEYS OF ALL GRADES
Plaid, Striped and Plain Linseys,
Marlboro' and Gala Stripes and Plaids,
Cotton Osnaburgs and Heavy Shirtings,
Russet & Black Brogans—Heavy Boots, just received and
or sale by JAMES McKIMMON.

TO RENT.—A LARGE, NEW AND COMMODIous dwelling, with all necessary out houses, situated near the Central Railroad Depot. The house has ten rooms, with a fireplace in each room, and is well adapted for a boarding house. There is a good garden attached.

Also one other house, on the same lot, with a store room, and other rooms sufficient for a small family. This is an excellent business stand. These houses will be rented together or separately. Apply to

H. PENNINGTON

Raleigh, Sept. 20, 1855. 87—

Semi-Weekly Standard.

VOL. VI. RALEIGH, N. C., SATURDAY NOVEMBER 24, 1855. No. 1.

FOR SALE.

A Rare Chance for Woollen and Cotton Manufacturers.

THE "OLD NORTH STATE MANUFACTURING COMPANY" HAVING SOLD their Buildings and Grounds to the Atlantic & N. C. R. Company, will offer at public Sale (if not otherwise disposed of previously) on the 30th day of November, on the premises, their entire stock of Machinery, comprising their Woollen and Cotton Mill, also,

1 Twenty-five Horse (power) Engine and
2 Boilers, each (Cylender) 30 ft. long and 36 in diameter.

It was made by J. P. Morris & Co., Philadelphia, and is declared by all who have seen it in operation, to be unsurpassed by any in the State.

Their Woolen Machine consists of 3 sets Cards, 1 Broad Gig, 1 Shear, 3 Jacks, 5 Jean Looms, 1 do Grinder.

1 Sattin Napper, 3 Cash'm'r do. 2 Wool Pickers, 3 set Fulling Stocks, 2 Sattinett do. 1 Cloth Winder.

Also, many other articles too numerous to mention, such as Fanks, Dye-tubs, welded wrought Iron Pipes for cold water and for heating the Buildings by steam, etc., etc.

The above Machinery is in good running order, requiring but few repairs to make it almost as good as new. It was manufactured by Henry Goulding and Wm. Bickfred, of Worcester, Mass., whose names are a guarantee for their work.

The Cotton Machnery was made by Messrs Danforth, Cooke & Co., of Patterson, N. J., is entirely new, and only one half of it has been in operation. It contains all the latest improvements, and has been pronounced by one of our most experienced manufacturers to be unequalled by any in the State; and the Yarn has already established a name, taking precedence even of the very best offered in this market. It is composed of 636 inch Cards, 1 Railway head with plunger, 1 Drawing frame with patent Coilers and Stop Motions, 2 coilers to the head.

1 Single and 1 Double Roller beam Speeders, 4 improved Danforth Spinning Frames, 132 Spindles each,
3 Power Reels, 1 warper, &c., &c.

And in fact of every article of Machinery that goes to make up what may be called a perfect Factory.

Persons desirous of purchasing are requested either to call upon John Blackwell, President, or James W. Carmer, Secretary, or Dr. John A. Guion, Treasurer; or to address their inquiries to the "Old North State Manufacturing Company," Newbern, N. C.

Oct. 30, 1855. 1097—w5t.

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA, IN MARTIN COURT OF EQUITY.—Timothy W. Ward and others vs. John P. Turner and Hardy W. B. Price—Fall Term, 1855.

To Hardy W. B. Price, SIR:—You are hereby notified to appear before the Honorable the Judge of this Court, at the Court House in Williamston, at the ensuing term, to be held on the last Monday in February, 1856, and plead, answer, or demur to the amended bill of the complainants above named, or judgment pre confesso will be taken against you, and the same heard accordingly.

Witness, C. B. Hassell, Clerk and Master of said Court at office, in Williamston, this the 24th day of October, A. D. 1855.

C. B. HASSELL, C. M. E.

Oct. 28, 1855. 1097—w6w.

TRUSTEE'S SALE.

IN PURSUANCE OF A DEED OF TRUST TO ME EXECUTED by Menassah Sater, on the 16th day of August, 1855, for certain purposes therein specified, I will proceed to sell, on the 20th of December next, on the premises, one tract of land lying in Wake county, on the north side of Crabtree Creek, near the paper mill, containing two hundred and sixty-six acres, more or less.

Also at the residence of said Menassah Sater, on Saturday the 22d day of December, I will sell the tract of land on which he resides, known as the mill tract, situated on Barton's creek and containing thirteen acres more or less. Also two stills and stands, and all other fixtures about the still-house, together with a large stock of hogs, oxen, cows and calves, horses, household and kitchen furniture, plantation tools, crop of corn, fodder, one wagon and harness, four carts, one carriage, and one negro woman, and various other articles.

☞ Terms six months credit with bond and approved security. W. H. HIGH, *Trustee*.

Oct. 20, 1855. 97—td.

$5,000 WANTED, FOR ONE OR more years, on indisputable security Apply to the Editors of the N. C. Standard or address box 127, Raleigh Post Office.

Raleigh, Nov. 2, 1855. 99—1m.

HOUSE AND LOT IN FRANKLINTON FOR SALE.—This lot is situated about sixty yards from the Railroad Hotel, and in the business part of the village. The dwelling is very convenient, with four rooms. Any person wishing to examine the property can do so by calling on Mr. Whitfield, the Railroad agent at Franklinton.—Those wishing to buy will apply to me at Raleigh.

H. PENNINGTON.

Sept. 20, 1855. 78—tf.

Superior French Cass. Pants!

OUR ASSORTMENT IN FINE BLACK AND FANCY Cass. Pants is much better than usual. We have endeavored to select such styles of Fancy Cass. as we think will please those who desire something neat and genteel.

E. L. HARDING.

E. P. NASH'S STOCK OF PIANOS NOW ON HAND.

One Louis 14th pattern, 7 full octaves, double front, with richly carved scroll legs and mouldings.

One large 7 octaves, heavy carved mouldings and leg caps, and sliding desk.

One large 7 octaves, beautiful carved front ornaments and sliding desk.

One large 7 octaves, round corners, fancy desk and candlestands.

One large 6¾ octaves, round corners, double fronts, ornamented tablet.

One large 6¾ octaves, round corners, carved tablet &c.

One large 6¾ octaves, square corners, banded tablet.

One large 6¾ octaves, square corners, fancy desk, &c.

One large 6¾ octaves, large round corner, fancy desk, &c.

One large 6¾ octaves, small round corner, carved tablets, &c.

One large 6¾ octaves, square flush fancy desk, &c.

One large 6¾ octaves, small round corner, carved tablets, &c.

One large 6¾ octaves, square corner, sunk panel, &c.

Two large 6⅜ octaves, square corner, plain illuminated plates.

One large 6¼ octaves, large round corner, candlestands, &c.

Two 6¼ octaves, square flush, fancy desks and stands.

Nineteen large 6 octaves, Pianos, of various patterns and styles of finish.

All the above instruments are from the celebrated factories of Jno. B. Dunham, H. Worcester, A. Stodart, Griffin, &c Every Piano sold is warranted, and must give satisfaction even to the most fastidious. Prices of the above ranging from $225 to $600.

Nov. 12, 1855. 102—1y.

NEW STOCK!

DURING FAIR WEEK OUR SALES WERE large, and in consequence stock greatly reduced, so much so that we have had great difficulty in fitting our customers with such styles of garments as were wanted.

The difficulty is now obviated, for we received yesterday, from our Manufactory, quite a large invoice, comprising all the new and handsome styles recently opened in New York City. We have now just the sizes to make our stock complete.

E. L. HARDING.

November 2, 1855. 99—

STATE OF NORTH-CAROLINA.—WAKE COUNTY.—Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions.

Pursuant to an order heretofore made in the Petition of Edw'd Graham and others, Infants ex parte, I shall proceed to sell at the Court-House door in the City of Raleigh, on the Saturday of November Court week, being the 24th day of November instant, a negro girl well trained and very valuable, aged some twelve or thirteen years, called Serena.

TERMS OF SALE:—Ten per cent. of purchase money to be paid in cash. Bond with approved security, payable twelve months after the day of sale for the residue.

ED. GRAHAM HAYWOOD, *Commissioner*.

Nov. 9, 1855. 102—waswtd.

STATE OF NORTH-CAROLINA.—WAKE COUNTY, in Equity.

Pursuant to an order made at Fall Term, 1855, of the Court of Equity for the County of Wake in the matter of Henry A. Murrell and others, the undersigned Clerk and Master will proceed to sell on the premises on the 1st day of December next, being Saturday, the lands in the pleadings mentioned, to-wit:

A tract of land situate, lying and being in Wake County on the waters of little Fall Creek, about eleven miles north of Raleigh, containing about one hundred and sixty-three acres, lately the estate of M. G. Murrell, dec'd., of Wake County.

TERMS OF SALE:—Seventy-five dollars of purchase money, to be paid in cash at the time of sale. A credit of nine months will be given to the purchaser for the residue upon his entering into bond with two approved sureties.

ED. G. HAYWOOD, C. & M. E.

Nov 9, 1855. 102—waswtd.

JUST TO HAND, ANOTHER LOT OF FINE OVER Coats, Business Coats, Talmas, &c. Also a fresh supply of Cloths, Cass, and Vesting to be made to order; all of which will be sold low for cash. Call soon and supply yourselves, and don't forget to bring the wherewith.

KING & BIGGS.

Raleigh, Nov. 14, 1855. 102—3t.

N. B.—Those indebted to us will please make arrangements to settle, on or before the first of January 1856, as one of the firm expects to leave the State at that time. Those who don't comply with the above request will be waited on by an agent. K. & B.

NOTICE.—THE SUBSCRIBER HAVING AT OCTOBER Term, 1855, of Yadkin County Court, qualified as Executor of the last will and testament of Jonathan Jones, deceased, and the said Jones having, by his last will, directed that all his real and personal estate be sold at public auction.

The undersigned will offer for sale, at the late residence of the deceased, on the 5th day of December next, and continue from day to day until all is sold, the following real and personal estate, to wit: A valuable tract of land on which the dec'd's family resided, lying on the Yadkin river, in Yadkin County, eight miles west of Rockford, containing between four and five hundred acres, of which about 150 acres is rich bottom land, and in a high state of cultivation; the uplands are of very good quality; the land is well watered, and has upon it a very comfortable dwelling house, and other convenient out-houses and improvements, and is situated in a very healthy region of country, and in a neighborhood of good society. Also, four negro slaves, a boy about 17 years of age, a girl about 13, and two small boys, one about 7 and the other 5 years old, and all very likely. All the stock of cattle, hogs and sheep, a large quantity of corn, wheat, rye and oats, provender, &c.—A large lot of sole and upper leather. All the household and kitchen furniture. One new waggon. One set blacksmith's tools. And all the farming tools, and many other articles too tedious to mention.

A credit of twelve months will be given, upon the purchasers giving bonds with approved security.

All persons indebted to the estate are hereby notified to come forward and make immediate payment. And all those having claims against the estate are notified to present them, duly authenticated, within the time prescribed by law, or this notice will be plead in bar of their recovery.

JOHN JERVIS, *Executor*.

October 8, 1855. 92—td.

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA, FRANKLIN COUNTY, Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, September Term, 1855.

A paper writing, purporting to be the last will and testament of Thomas Williams, deceased, is propounded for probate, in open Court, by W. S. Harris, the Executor thetein named; and it appearing to the satisfaction of the Court, that Wright B. Hendrick, and Mary his wife, and Jesse Williams, some of the heirs-at-law, and next of kin of the said Thomas Williams, deceased, reside beyond the limits of this State; therefore, it is ordered by the Court that publication be made in the North Carolina Standard, a newspaper published in the City of Raleigh, for six weeks successively, notifying them to appear at the next term of his Court, to be held for the County aforesaid, at the Court House, in the town of Louisburg, on the second Monday of December, A. D., 1855, then and there to see proceedings in this cause, and to make themselves parties to the same if they think proper so to do.

Witness: Young Patterson, Clerk of our said Court, at office, the second Monday of September, A. D., 1855.

Y. PATTERSON, C. C. C.

October 8, 1855. (Pr. Ad'v. $5 62½c.) 92—w6w.

VALUABLE NUTBUSH ESTATE FOR SALE.

MY MOTHER, MRS. THOMAS TURNER, having determined to remove South, the undersigned offers for sale her valuable plantation, "Oakland" situated on Big Nutbush Creek, in the County of Granville, containing about 1200 acres of land, of which about 300 acres are in original growth, 100 acres in heavily timbered old-field pine, and the remainder in arable land. The character of this plantation is so generally known that a very extended description is deemed unnecessary. It is situated within one mile of Williamsboro', five miles from Townesville Depot, on the Roanoke Valley Railroad, and 7 miles from Henderson Depot, on the R. & G. Railroad, in a neighborhood surpassed by none for its wealth, intelligence, and high moral character. The improvements are commodious, embracing all necessary out-buildings for crops of wheat, Tobacco, &c. Persons wishing to purchase will please make application to me, and I will take pleasure in showing the place, and giving any information desired in regard to it. Address me at Williamsboro', Granville Co., N. C. JAMES TURNER.

October 8, 1855. 92—tf.

LEATHER FOR SPRING TRADE WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.—We respectfully inform our friends and the public that we have in store a large and most excellent *Stock of Leather and Findings*, for the Spring trade, which we will sell as low as any other establishment south of New York, and for less price than they can be had in there, expenses of travelling, freight, &c., considered. All of our purchases having been made from the Importers and Manufacturers by the whole case or package, and the advantage of receiving Leather regularly from our own tannery, places it in our power to sell Goods as above stated.

Those who wish to buy cannot lose by giving our stock examination, and we believe we shall be able to please, both as to price and quality. Below we enumerate some of the leading articles viz:

20 dozen of Crawford's Calf Skins (this maker had the premium awarded to him at the World's Fair held in London in 1851.)
40 dozen French Skins, best quality,
40 " American Calf Skins,
90 " Lining and Binding Skins,
10 " Morocco Skins,
50 Sides Oak Tanned and Hemlock Sole Leather,
50 " Band Leather,

Lasts, Boot-Trees, Shoe and Boot Maker's Tools of every kind, Tanner's and Currier's Tools.

Also, Sewed Brogans of our own manufacture, warranted to give satisfaction, and many other articles too numerous to mention, at No. 21, Old street, opposite B. P. Harrison's Saddlery. F. A. & R. H. FORD.

N. B. We pay the highest price in cash for Green and cured Hides delivered to us at our Store.

Petersburg, May 5, 1852. tf.

A VALUABLE PLNATATION FOR SALE.

Wishing to remove South, I will sell on favorable terms, the plantation on which I now reside, formerly owned by the late Henry J. G. Ruffin, containing about 1,500 acres on Contentnea creek, where the Wayne and Greene lines unite with that of Edgecombe. A large portion of this plantation is rich bottom land; not subject to overflow, and well adapted to the production of cotton and corn. This plantation is favorably situated, being within seven miles of Black Creek Depot, on the W. R. R. and within five miles of the Greenville Plank Road, and has been long known as one of the most valuable in this portion of the state. E. RUFFIN.

September 23, '54. 1—swtf.

One Price Jewelry Store.
MYERS & JANKE,
DEALERS IN
Fine Watches, Jewelry, Spectacles,
SILVER WARE, &c.
NO. 75½, MAIN STREET, RICHMOND, VA.
Watches and Jewelry carefully repaired.
October 4, 1855. 81—1y

THOMAS WHITE, P. R. DAVIS, W. H. HARDEE
WHITE, DAVIS & HARDEE,
General Commission Merchants, and Dealers in Guano,
PETERSBURG, VA.
Sept. 20, 1855. 87—

NOTICE.—SOMETHING NEW IN THE WAY OF India Rubber Crying Doll Babies—assorted sizes. Call soon if you would like to see them, at the

N. C. BOOK-STORE.

Raleigh, July 17, 1855. 78—

FALL AND WINTER GOODS FOR 1855.

THE SUBSCRIBER TAKES PLEASURE IN ANNOUNCING to his friends and customers, that his ALL AND WINTER STOCK OF STAPLE AND FANCY DRY GOODS are now ready for examination. He deems it unnecessary and uncalled for, to speak of the amount of his Fall purchase, his stock will speak for itself, as to prices it is generally understood, all right *down*, down, DOWN to the lowest figure. He invites one and all to respector of persons,) to call, and the goods will be shown with a good will and free of charge.

R. L. EVANS,
One door above R. Smith's corner.

Raleigh, Sept. 29, 1855. 90—

DR. SPRING'S NEW WORK.—THE CONTRAST between good and bad men. By Gardner Spring, D. D. For sale by

W. L. POMEROY.

October 16, 1855 84—

FINE FRUIT TREES!

30,000 FRUIT TREES OF THE FINEST select kinds, native and foreign, are now ready for sale by Joshua Lindley at New Garden, Guilford Co., N. C., and Owen Lindley, at Cane Creek, Chatham Co., N. C., consisting of Apples, Peaches, Plums, Apricots, Nectarines and Cherries. Persons wanting Trees will please to direct their orders to Joshua Lindley, New Garden, or Owen Lindley, Cane Creek.

JOSHUA LINDLEY,
OWEN LINDLEY.

Nov. 6, 1855. 1098—w5w.

$10 REWARD.

RANAWAY FROM THE SUBSCRIBER ABOUT the 1st day of October last, my negro boy, Sylvester, five feet eight or nine inches high, large front teeth; talkable quick spoken. Said boy has a wife at S. M. Williams's, about 8 miles South of Raleigh, on the Fayetteville road, and is supposed to be lurking in the neighborhood of said Williams. The above reward will be paid for his delivery to me six miles South of Raleigh, or in Raleigh jail so I can get him again.

JAMES PENNY.

Nov. 5, 1855. 1098—wtf.

Sale of Choctaw Orphan Lands in Mississippi.

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR,
Office of Indian Affairs, August 13, 1855.

PUBLIC NOTICE, IS HEREBY GIVEN, THAT the several pieces or parcels of land hereinafter described, lying in the counties of Tallahatchie, Yalobusha, Holmes Lowndes, and Bolivar, in the State of Mississippi, will, at the times and places designated, be exposed for sale *in separate quarter sections*, at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, by commissioners to be appointedon behalf of the Choctaw orphans by the government, as their trustee, under the provisions of the 6th clause of the 19th article of the Choctaw treaty of 1830, viz:

On Monday, the 3d day of December, 1855, at the court-house door in Coffeeville, the following tracts in Yalobusha county:

All in township twenty-three (23,) *range eight* (8) *east.*
All of section thirty-three (33;)
The west half and southeast quarter of section twenty-eight (28;)
The east half of section twenty-nine (29;)
The northeast quarter of section thirty-one (31;)
The north half of section thirty-two (32;)
The west half of section thirty-four (34)
And, at the same time and place, the following described tract in the adjoining range in *Coahoma county*, viz:
The south half of section thirteen, *township twenty-six* (26,) *range seven* (7) *west.*

On Monday, the 10th of December, 1855, at the court-house door in Charleston, *Tallahatchie county*, the following described tracts of land in said county, viz:

In township twenty-four (24,) *range two* (2) *east.*
All of sections three (3,) ten (10,) and thirty-three (33;)
The east half of section four (4;)
The southwest quarter of section nine (9;)
The north half and southwest quarter of section twenty-two (22;)
The west half of section twenty-five (25;)
The north half of section twenty-six (26;)
The west half of section twenty-seven (27;)
The northwest quarter of section thirty-four (34;) and
The north half of the northwest quarter and west half of the northeast quarter of section thirty-six (36.)

In township twenty-five (25,) *range two* (2) *east.*
All of section twenty-seven (27,) twenty-eight (28,) and twenty-nine (29;)
The northeast quarter of section four (4;)
The southwest quarter of section twenty-two (22;)
The southwest quarter of section twenty-three (23;) and
The east half of section thirty (30.)

In township twenty-four (24,) *range three* (3) *east.*
All of section three (3;)
The east half of the northeast quarter of section two (2;) and
The northeast quarter of section four (4.)

In township twenty-five (25,) *range three* (3) *east.*
The southwest quarter of section fourteen (14;)
The southeast quarter of section fifteen (15;)
The southwest quarter of section twenty-five (25;)
The southeast quarter of section twenty-six (26;)
The southeast quarter of section thirty-three (33;) and
The southwest quarter of section thirty-four (34.)

On Monday, the 17th day of December, 1855, at the court-house door in the town of Lexington, *Holmes county*, the following described tracts of land in said county, viz:

In township sixteen (16,) *range one* (1) *west.*
The west half of section fifteen (15;) and
The west half and southeast quarter of section twenty-two (22.)

In township fifteen (15,) *range one* (1) *west.*
The southwest quarter of section twenty (20.)

On Saturday, the 22d of December, 1855, at the court-house door in the town of Columbus, the following described quarter section of land in *Lowndes county*, viz:

The northwest quarter of section twenty-two (22,) township nineteen (19,) range seventeen (17) east.

Of the above described lands, seventy-two quarter sections were selected in 1854, at a time when some of the best lands in the State were unoccupied and unappropriated; and the other five quarter sections and one eighth-acre lot, or eighth of a section, have been acquired in settlement from debtors to the orphan fund. The late commissioner to settle with debtors to that fund describes the lands above offered for sale as being, "almost without an exception, rich and fertile, well and advantageously located, many of them considerably improved," and as being "largely enhanced in value by the settlement, improvement, prosperity, and excellent population of the section in which they lie," and "eminently adapted" for planting purposes.

An appraisement of these reserves, showing their value, and the minimum price at which each tract, respectively, may be sold, will be made prior to the dates of sale.

In cases where the purchaser or purchasers of any tract shall fail to comply with the terms of sale, the land purchased will be resold at his or their expense and risk.

The title to these lands is believed to be indisputable; but if, in any case, an adverse claim shall be set up, the right of the orphans will be defended by the government, as their guardian.

The above sales will commence at the places named at 12 o'clock of each day, and continue until the lands are all offered.

CHARLES E. MIX,
Acting Commissioner.

Aug. 14, 1855. 1089—lawtDec 20.

GREENSBOROUGH MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE AND TRUST COMPANY. This Company offers inducements to those wishing to effect Insurances for life, rarely presented by similar institutions.

Those who take Policies of Insurance for Life, and those only, are *Members of the Company*—entitled to such profits as may be realized from an accumulated Premium Fund, and from the large amount of Deposits in the Trust Departments of the Company, which are kept actively employed.

Policies of Insurance issued on the applicants' own life, or on the lives of slaves, for a year, or term of years, at a moderate rate of premium.

Deposits of money received in the Trust Department—the operation of which is that of a *Saving's Bank*—and the depositors allowed interest at the rate of 3 per cent. per annum for any time not exceeding four months; 4 per cent. over four and not exceeding six months; and 5 per cent. for any time over six months.

Pamphlets containing full and particular information forwarded to any required address.

D. P. WEIR, *Sec. & Treas.*

Greensborough, N. C. September 1, 1854. 87—1y.

PANAMA IN 1855.—AN ACCOUNT OF THE PANAMA Railroad, of the Cities of Panama and Aspinwall, with Sketches of Life and character on the Isthmus. By Robert Tomes. With Illustrations, 16mo muslin.

The writer of this volume accompained an invited party from New York to assist at the opening of the Panama Railroad. He has given a full and interesting account of that great industrial enterprise from its inception to its completion, with a graphic and instructive description of the romantic country, whose eastern and western shores are connected by the iron bands of the railroad. The sketches of a tropical climate, of the curious natural history of the Isthmus, and its peculiar social customs and habits, which are presented by the author in a style of unflagging animation and gayety, make his work one of the most attractive books of travel ever issued from the American press. The illustrations are from drawings made on the spot.

NOW READY,
SYDNEY SMITH'S LIFE AND LETTERS.

A Memoir of Reverend Sydney Smith By his Daughter, Lady Holland. With a Selection from his Letters, edited by Mrs. Austin 2 vols. 12mo., muslin.

☞ The work now issued comprises an inartificial memoir of Sydney Smith, giving a brief and unpretending narrative of his life, but liberally spiced with specimens of his good sayings and a limited selection from his correspondence, consisting almost entirely of letters written in the abandon of friendship to a few of his intimate associates.

For Sale By H. D. TURNER,
N. C. Book Store.

Raleigh Sept. 1855. 82—

Resumption of the Through Travel!
DAILY, DIRECT, BY THE
SEABOARD & ROANOKE RAIL ROAD,
AND THE SPLENDID BAY STEAMERS
LOUISIANA AND NORTH-CAROLINA,

WHICH HAVE BEEN THOROUGHLY OVERHAULED, *cleansed, repainted* and put in the most *complete order* for the Safe and Comfortable transportation of the Southern travel to Baltimore, Philadelphia and New York. On and after Thursday, Nov. 1st, The Trains of the SEABOARD and ROANOKE RAIL ROAD will leave WELDON, N. C. *DAILY* at 2 *o'clock, P. M.*, after the arrival of the MORNING TRAIN from WILMINGTON, N. C., for *PORTSMOUTH, Va.*, connecting there with the BAY STEAMERS, LOUISIANA and NORTH CAROLINA, which leave the DEPOT WHARF, *DAILY*, (*Sundays excepted*,) at 6 o'clock, P. M., for BALTIMORE, arriving there the next morning at 7 o'clock, in time for the CARS for PHILADELPHIA and NEW YORK.

SCHEDULE FOR THE THROUGH LINE!

Leave Wilmington, N. C.,	at	6 A. M.
" Weldon "	"	2 P. M.
" Portsmouth, Va.,	"	6 P. M.
" Baltimore,	"	9 A. M.
" Philadelphia,	"	3 P. M.

Passengers need not apprehend any danger in taking this route, as hard frosts and ice have made their appearance, and the Sanatory Authorities of Portsmouth and Norfolk have notified their absent citizens that it is perfectly safe for them to return.

OWEN D. BALL,
Agent S. & R. R. & B. Co.

Portsmouth, Nov. 7, 1855. 101—1m.

I. O. O. F.

THE GRAND LODGE, I. O. O. F. OF NORTH CAROLINA, will hold its annual communication in Wilmington, N. C., on the fourth Monday in November next, being the 26th day of the month. Subordinate Lodges will take notice, and send delegates accordingly.

THOS. M. GARDNER,
Grand Secretary.

Oct. 24, 1855. 97—till 4th Mon. in Nov.

ENGINEERING.

THE UNDERSIGNED IS PREPARED TO FURNISH plans, specifications, and estimates, and to contract for TEAM ENGINES and BOILERS, SAW AND GRIST MILLS, MINING MACHINERY, HOISTING, AND PUMPING ENGINES, TOBACCO PRESSES AND SCREWS, AND

Machinery of Every Description.

Being a practical Machinist, and having had seven years experience in North Carolina, I am fully aware of the wants of the people, and I can safely say that my facilities for furnishing good Machinery at fair prices are unsurpassed. I will pay particular attention to putting up any machinery in any part of the States of North and South Carolina.

Agent for McClintock's patent Safety Valve, and Scott's patent Brick Machine, &c. &c.

☞ All letters to receive attention must be post-paid.

HENRY G. BRUCE,
Consulting Engineer,
Raleigh, N. C.

THE HANNAH MORE ACADEMY.
WILMINGTON, DELAWARE.

Principals: MISS C. AND I. GRIMSHAW AND A. H. GRIMSHAW, A. M., M. D.

THIS INSTITUTION HAS BEEN IN SUCCESSFUL operation more than eleven years. The course of Instruction is thorough. The study of French forms part of the daily routine of study. The house is new, commodious, and cheerful: it is heated throughout. The sessions commence on the 1st of Febuary and 1st of September.

TERMS: For Boarding and Instruction, including French, pupils under thirteen years of age, $70,00, second class, $80,00 and Senior Department, $100,00 per session of five months.

REFERENCES: Bright Rev. A. Lee, D. D. Rev. H. V. D. Johns, D. D. Baltimore; Hon. Jno. M. Clayton, Delaware; P. V. Daniel, Jr. Esq J. R. Anderson Esq., Tredegar Iron Works; E. Wortham & Co., Richmond, Va; Rev. Mr. Gibson, Petersburg, Va; Governor Bragg, Hon. Wm A. Graham, W. H. Tucker, Esq., Hon. G. E. Badger, Raleigh N. C.

Febuary 1st, 1855. 22—1v.

COTTON SEED OIL.—ALL PERSONS WISHing to purchase Cotton Seed Oil will please forward their orders to

ANDREW J TERRELL.

Raleigh, Jan. 19 1855. 17—

Raleigh and Gaston Railroad.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT FROM AND after the 20th January, all dues to this Road for freight must be paid at Petersburg or Portsmouth, except on way freight, which must be paid in advance or on delivery of the goods as the case may be.

This arrangement will afford great advantages to our customers by superseding the necessity of their employing more than one forwarding agent between New York and Raleigh, and having their goods or produce sub

UNION AGRICULTURAL FAIR.

LIST OF PREMIUMS,

Awarded at the First Union Fair of the Counties of Granville, Warren and Franklin, held at Henderson, on the 10th, 11th and 12th of October, 1855.

BRANCH FIRST—LIVE STOCK.

FIRST DIVISION.

First Class—Thorough Bred.

1st premium, best stallion over 4 years old, Gen. M. T. Hawkins, Warren, $4*
2nd best stallion over 4 years old, R. P. Hughes, Granville, 2*
3d " " " " " " J. J. Bobbitt, Granville, dip.
4th " " " 3 " " Sol. Fuller, Franklin, dip.
1st " brood mare 4 " " R. P. Hughes, Granville, 2*
2d " " " " " " S. L. Parrish, Granville, dip.
3d " " " " " " Arch. Davis, Granville, dip.
1st best colt over 2 and under 3 years old, Robt. P. Hughes, Granville, 2*
2d " " " " " " Gen. M. T. Hawkins, Warren, dip.

First Class, not] Thorough Bred.

1st best colt over and under 2 years old, S. L. Parrish, Granville, 2*
2d " " " " " " " Arch'd Davis, Granville, dip.
3d " " " " " " " James Crews, Granville, dip.
1st best (thorough bred colt) 1 year old, Gen. M. T. Hawkins, Warren, 1*
2d best colt under 1 year old, Mrs. S. T. Eaton, Granville, *
3d best colt under 1 year old, S. L. Parrish, Granville, dip.

Second Class—Saddle, Harness, and Draught Horses.

1st best saddle horse, S. S. Cooper, Granville, 3
2d best saddle horse, L. J. Davis, Granville, dip.
3d " " " W. H. Finch, Franklin, dip.
1st fastest pacing " C. H. K. Taylor, Granville, 1
1st best pair carriage horses, Jas. Turner, Granville, 3*
2d best pair carriage horses, T. J. Blacknall, Granville, 1*
3d best pair carriage horses, Wm. B. Hughes, Granville, dip.
4th best pair carriage horses, Dr. H. J. Robards, Granville, dip.
1st best single harness horse, Thomas C. Hughes, Granville, 2
2d best single harness horse, W. Bareford, Granville, dip.
3d best single harness horse, S. S. Cooper, Granville, dip.
4th fastest trotting horse, W. Bareford, Granville, 1
1st best lot farm horses, S. L. Parrish, Granville, 3*
Heavy draught horse, John W. Weaver, Granville, 2*
Best saddle poney, H. J. B. Clark, Jr., Warren, 1*
2d best saddle poney, T. J. Blacknall, Granville, dip.
3d best saddle poney, J. T. Young, Granville, dip.

JACKS AND JENNETS.

1 best Jack, Gen. M. T. Hawkins, Warren, 4*
2 do do J. S. Jones, Warren, dip.
3 do do Reuben Hart, Granville, dip.
1 best two young Jacks, Wm. B. Foster, Franklin, 2*
1 best Jennetts and colt, H. J. B. Clark, sen., Warren, 1*
1 mule colt, G. N. Hicks, Granville, 1

CATTLE.

Best 2 year old bull, James R. Smithwick, Warren, 1*
Best milch cow, Mrs. Sally Reid, Granville, 3*
1st best yoke oxen, S. S. Royster, Granville, 2*
2 yoke work oxen, J. Crews, Granville, dip.
3 do do do H. J. Robards, do dip.
Best single work ox, Reuben Williams, Warren, 2*
Best heifer calf 9 months old, Jas. R. Smithwick, Warren, 1*

SHEEP.

Best Merino buck, Col. R. P. Taylor, Granville, 2*
Four French Ewes, Col. R. P. Taylor, Granville, 2*
Four Spanish Ewes, Col. R. P. Taylor, Granville, dip.
Six Merino Lambs, Col. R. P. Taylor, Granville, 1*

SWINE.

Two Chester pigs 5 months old T. T. Grandy, Granville, 1
Three Nobone pigs, W. B. Reid, Granville, *
Largest killing hog, Mrs. S. T. Eaton, Granville, 2*

POULTRY.

1 pair Samatra Pheasant Game Chickens, T. T. Grandy, Granville, 1
1 coop Shanghai chickens, T. J. Blacknall, Granville, 1
1 coop Shanghai chickens, H. J. Robards, Granville, dip.
1 coop Shanghais, J. H. Rowland, Granville, dip.
Largest variety, W. H. Robards, Jr., Granville, 1

BRANCH SECOND.—AGRICULTURE.

FIRST CLASS.

Best sample wheat, S. S. Royster, Granville, 1*
2nd do do S. R. Hunt, Granville, dip.
3rd do do Mrs. S. T. Eaton, Granville, dip.
1 best sample buck wheat, L. A. Blankenship, Granville, 1
1 best sample corn, Mrs. S. T. Eaton, Granville, 1*
2 best sample corn, Col. P. E. A. Jones, Granville, dip.
3 best sample corn, Thomas Reavis, Granville, dip.
Best sample leaf tobacco, John M. Barnes, Granville, 1*
2 best sample leaf tobacco, John Clarke, Granville, dip.
3 best sample leaf tobacco, James Dickerson, Granville, dip.
Best sample winter oats, W. H. Robards, Jr., Granville, 1*
2 best sample winter oats in straw, Mrs. E. H. Foster, Franklin, *
Best sample cornfield and white peas, Mrs. S. G. Wilson, Granville, 1
2 best sample cornfield peas, W. G. Weaver, Granville, dip.
Best sample Japan pea, J. J. Wyche, Granville, dip.
Best white beans, W. G. Weaver, Granville, 1*
2 best white beans, Mrs. S. G. Wilson, Granville, dip.
3 best sample white beans, W. L. Brame, Granville, dip.
Best sample Cotton native, J. J. Kelly, Granville, 1*
2 best sample do do A. H. Evans, Franklin, dip.
Best Mastodon Cotton, Dr. L. G. Ward, Green, dip.
Best sample pea-vine hay, L. H. Kittle, Granville, 1*
Best sample sweet potatoes, John R. Weaver, Granville, 1*
2 best sample sweet potatoes, Col. P. E. A. Jones, Granville, dip.
3 best sample sweet potatoes, Dr. Jas. Russell, Granville, dip.
1 lot pumpkins, Col. P. E. A. Jones, Granville, *
Best sample cabbage, Mrs. S. S. Royster, Granville, 1
Best sample turnips, J. J. Wyche, Granville, 1
Best sample Irish potatoes, Wainright and Vanhook, Granville, 1*
2 best sample Irish potatoes, Mrs. V. H. Cooke, Franklin, dip.
3 best sample Irish potatoes, James Gooch, Granville, dip.
Best sample beets, Col. R. P. Taylor, Granville, 1
2 best sample beets, A. B. Williams, Franklin, dip.
3 best sample beets Mrs. A. H. Alley, Granville, dip.
Best sample onions, Mrs. Isham Cheatham, Granville, 1
Largest variety of vegetables consisting of rare specimens, viz: Turnip cabbage, N. Zealand spinach, Chinese winter radish, Japan peas, turtle-soup beans, chicory, Chufus, Swiss-chord beet, sweet Spanish pepper, Hamburg parsly, skirret, Spanish sea-kale and Sorgho-lucre, J. J. Wyche, Henderson, 7*

Second Class.

Bacon hams, Isaac Cheatham, Granville, 1
2 do do J. M. Barnes, do dip.
Best sample fresh butter, Mrs. R. P. Taylor, Granville, 1
2 best sample fresh butter, Mrs. T. T. Estis, Granville, dip.
Best sample 6 mo. old butter, Mrs. Joe Parham, Granville, 1
Best sample flour, S. R. Hunt, Granville, 1*
2d best sample flour, J. H. Gooch, " dip.
Best sample wheat starch, Mrs. J. W. Hayes, Warren, 1
Best sample potatoe starch, Mrs. V. H. Cooke, Franklin, 1
Best sample loaf bread, J. Simmons, Warren, 50c
do do do do S. R. Hunt, Granville, dip.
do do do large fancy cakes, J. Simmons, Warren, 50c
Best sample small fancy cakes, J. Simmons, Warren, 50c
Largest variety jellies, Mrs. Sarah Reid, Granville, 2
1 jar citron, Mrs. V. H. Cooke, Franklin, 50c.
do do Mrs. E. H. Foster, do dip.
do pickled pepper, Mrs. V. H. Cooke, 50c
do brandy peaches, Mrs. S. S. Royster, Granville, 50c
1 jar brandy peaches, Mrs. S. Reid, Granville, dip.
Best sample dried apples and pears, Mrs. S. S. Royster, Granville, 2
2 best sample dried apples and pears, W. G. Weaver, dip.

Third Class—Fruit.

Best sample apples, Mrs. S. S. Royster, Granville, 1
do do do Mrs. W. A. Eaton, Granville, dip.
do do do Isaac Cheatham, do dip.
do do do peaches, Mrs. W. A. Eaton, Granville, 1
2 best do W. G. Weaver, Granville, dip
do do pomegranates, Mrs. W. A. Eaton, Granville, 1
Best sample scuppernong grapes, Mrs. V. H. Cooke, Franklin, 1
2 best sample scuppernong grapes, Mrs. W. A. Eaton, Granville, dip.
Best sample Franklin grapes, Mrs. V. H. Cooke, Franklin, dip.
Largest variety of fruit, Mrs. W. A. Eaton, Granville, 1*
Best sample raspberry-vine, Master W. D. Royster, Granville, 1

BRANCH THIRD—MECHANICS.

FIRST CLASS.

Best two-horse plow Wainwright & Vanhook, Granville, 1
do one do do do 1*
do Iron-beam do do 1*
do two horse plow J. H. Gooch Gran. 1*
do one do do do 1*
do subsoil do do 1*
do cultivator do do 1*

Second Class.

Best two horse top buggy W. H. Bobbitt, Warren, 2*
Best one horse top buggy J. J. Minatree, Franklin, 1*
Best one horse open buggy, Eaton Haithcock Granville, 2

Third Class.

Best sweep horse power, J. H. Gooch 2*
do wheat drill, C. Burnet, Granville, 2*
do do fan do 1*
Four straw cutters do 1*
Best wheat thrasher and power, J. M. Barnes Granville, 2*
do do do do do 2*

Fourth Class.

Best set wagon harness, two horses, Hugh McCadden, Granville, 1

Fifth Class.

Best Bedstead, Mrs. M. N. Wagstaff, Granville, 1
Best Spring Mattrass, do do do 2
Shuck and Cotton, do do do do 1
Best Mohair Sofa, do do do do 2
Damask and plain lounge, do do dip.
Best wardrobe, Jas L. McCraw, 1
2d best wardrobe, Mrs M. N. Wagstaff, Granville, dip.

Sixth Class.

Four straw hats, Mrs S. Breadlove, Frank. 1
One childs' hair hat, Miss Mary Gupton, 1
One ladies hair bounet, Mrs H. " 1
Do do box, Do do 1
One willow hat, Miss Lucy A. E. Hunt, Granville, 1

Seventh Class.

Best lot leather, H. McCadden, Granville 1*
Do drest calfskin, do do do 1
2d best lot of leather, W. H. Hester, do dip.
Best lot manufactured tobacco, R. E. Jenkins, Granville, 1*
2d do do P. V. Duke & Co. Gvl. dip.
Best lot cigars, R. A. Jenkins, do 1*
Do tallow candles, Mrs W. L. Brame, Granville, 1
Best lot soap, Mrs S. T. Eaton, Granville, 1

BRANCH 4TH—LADIES DEPARTMENT.

FIRST CLASS.

8 yards yarn cloth, Mrs. J. C. Lemay, Granville, 2
do do do J. Crews, do 2
do do do J. M. Barnes, do dip.
do do do S. M. Vaughan, do dip.
Three pieces lindsey, Mrs. C. R. Lewis, do 2
do do Mrs. J. J. Kelley, do 1
One do do W. H. Weaver, do dip.
do do do H. Truman, do dip.
80 yds. cowhair cloth, Miss M. Johnson, Gran. 2
1 ps. Flannel, Mrs. J. C. Lemay, do 1
Best yarn blanket, Miss Betsey Daniel, do 2
2d do do do F. Satterwhite, do 1
3d do do do Sally Gill, Franklin, dip.
4th do do do L. J. Pittard, Gran. dip.
Best white counterpane, Miss S. Gill, Frank. 2
2d do do Mrs. Parham, Gran. 1
3d do do Miss L. M. Vaughan, do 1
4th do do Mrs. W. P. Harton, do dip.
5th do do do J. J. Kelley, do dip.
Best 5 counterpanes, do 1 Cheatham, do 2
Do quilt, prettiest pat'n, J. G. Yancy, War. 2
2d do do Miss R. Wood, Gran. 1
Best do do quilting, do F. Gressette, Fk. 2
do do 1,755 pieces Mrs. Wm. Debnam, do 1
3d do Missees S. & L. Johnson, Gran. dip.
4th do Mrs. S. C. Bobbitt. do do
Best woolen carpet, Mrs. Doct Field, War. 2 & do
Do cowhair and cotton car't, Mrs. W. H. Hughes Granville, 1
2d best Cotton Carpeting, do C. Daniel, do 1
Do Hearth rug, Mrs. Dr. Field. do 2
1 ps Flax Cloth, do J. C. Lemay, do 2
1 do Table cloth, Miss M. Gupton, Fkl. 1
1 do Linen towels, Mrs. J. Crews, Gran. 1
2 linen table cloths, do do do 2
Cotton Plaids, do S. G. Wilson, do 1
Do & woolen vesting & carpet bag, Mrs. H. H. Rowland, Granville, 2
1 set bed curtains, Miss A. Kittrell, do 1
Do valance, do N. Morris, Franklin, 1
Do bed fringe, Mrs. S. G. Wilson, Gran. 1
1 knitt counterpane, Mrs. F. Southerland, War. 2
1 stuffed do do E. R. O'Brien, do 2
1 pr, yarn socks, Miss M. J. Vaughan, do 50c
Do do Mrs. T. W. Pleasants, do 50c
Do cotton socks, do E. Haitchock, Gran. 50c
Do do hose, Miss L. Insco, Franklin, 50c
Do do do openwork, Mrs. W. Debnam, Franklin, 50c
Do do do Mrs. T. Satterwhite, Gran. dip.

Second Class—Ornamental Needlework.

Best table cover, Miss C. J. Thurman, Gran. 3
2d do do do Cooper, do 2
3d do do Mrs S. A. Barnett, do 1 dip.
1 white stuffed do Miss R. Rigan, do 1
1 ottoman, do do Roland, do 2
Do do do do M. E. Royster, do 1
Do do do do M. A. Marrow, do dip.
Do do do do L. O. Gregory, do dip.
1 divan, do do A. Hamlet, do 2 dip.
1 worked collar, Mrs. E. A. Jones, Franklin, 1
6 do do Graves & Wilcox, Warren, 3
1 crotchet do Miss M. Cooke, Raleigh, dip.
1 worked handkerchief, Miss L. E. Foster, Flk. 1
3 pr. worked sleeves, Mrs. P. E. A. Jones, Gran. 2
1 do do do W. H. Hughes, do 1
1 do shirt do S. T. Eaton, do 2
1 do do Miss C. J. Thurman, do 1 dip.
1 do linen band, Miss Fletcher, do 1
1 muslin apron, do M. A. Reid, do dip.
1 worked child's dress, do S. Tate, Franklin 2 dip.
1 do do Mrs. A. D. Williams, do 2
1 pr. do pantlets, Miss E. C. Williams 9 ys. do 1
1 emb. ch'ds dress, Mrs. R. A. Hamilton, Grn. dip.
1 do do do T. G. Kittrell do dip.
1 shirt vest, do W. P. Harton, do 1
1 do do Miss Bettie White, do 1
9 shirts, Mrs. W. H. Weaver, do 2
1 fancy paper basket, Miss P. E. Yancy, do 1
2 boxes wax flowers, do M. A. Reid, do 1
2 fire screens, Mrs. Dr. Lewis, do 1
2 oil paintings, 1 Crayon, 1 Pastel, Graves & Wilcox, Warrenton, 5
2 oil paintings, Miss M. A. Parrish, Oxford, 3
2 Grecian, do do H. E. Thompson, 2, dip.

Discretionary Premiums.

1 fancy work table, Mrs. A. C. Harris, Gran. 1
1 wire safe, Wm. L. Ellington, Henderson, 2
2 do do C. Burnet do 1
1 lot tin ware, Jas. Furguson, do 2
One Essay on the best mode of the Cultivation of Corn, Dr. S. G. Ward, Warren. 2*

*The committee on plows not being able to decide between the two exhibitors, awarded the premiums to each.

The stars indicate the Arator or Cultivator as an additional premium. Though persons receiving more than two premiums so marked, are required to take but one copy of each, and will be paid the remainder in money. They will be forwarded from the office of publication, as soon as we can ascertain the address of persons entitled to them and the number of copies required. Premiums paid on application or order, Thos. J. Blacknall Treasurer. Henderson.

A. C. HARRISS, CHM'N, *pro. tem.*,
Executive Committee.

BUNCOMBE AGRICULTURAL FAIR.

The Annual Fair of the Buncombe County Agricultural Society came off last Saturday, the 10th instant. The day was fine, and the turn out respectable. Below will be found the awards of the several Committees:

The Committee on Live Stock beg leave to recommend the following premiums, viz:

J. W. Woodfin, 1 yoke of oxen,	$3 00
E. Clayton, 1 milch cow,	2 00
B. S. Gash, 1 stallion,	3 00
J. P. Smith, 1 horse colt, 2 years old,	2 00
Michael Luther, 1 horse colt, 6 months old,	2 00
Robert Gilliam, 2d best colt,	1 00
J. W. Woodfin, 1 brood mare,	2 00
John Burgin, barness horse,	2 00
J. W. Woodfin, saddle horse,	2 00
" " Jack,	3 00
Henry Stephens, 1 four year old mule,	3 00
N. W. Woodfin, 1 bull,	2 00
J. W. Woodfin, one 2 year old heifer,	2 00
J. W. Patton, yearling calf,	1 00
J. P. Smith, 1 fine bull calf,	1 00
H. Stephens, 1 lamb 8 months old, 120 lbs.,	1 00
A. T. Summey, largest hog,	1 00
G. W. Shackleford, best lot hogs,	2 00
N. W. Woodfin, brood sow,	1 00
B. S. Gash, 1 Jennette,	2 00
N. W. Woodfin, jack one year old,	2 00
" " 2d finest cow,	1 00
J. W. Patton, first best cow,	2 00

The Committee on Domestic Manufactures beg leave to report the following premiums, viz:

W. T. Dickenson & Co., 2 shuck and cotton Mattrasses,	$2 00
J. W. Wilson, one suit of clothes,	2 00
" " one fine bridle,	50
J. & J. Hildebrand, 1 card table,	1 00
" " 1 work "	1 00
" " 1 guitar,	2 00
R. S. Alexander, side saddle,	2 00
" " set of harness,	1 00
Mrs. Jane Alexander, fly brush,	50
" " " infant's dress,	50
W. D. Rankin, light and heavy harness,	1 00
" " 2 pieces upper leather,	1 00
" " 1 calf skin,	1 00
Jas. M. Smith, sole leather,	1 00
" " specimens of flour,	1 00
Daniel Mills, pair of boots,	2 00
Mrs. J. H. Murphy, patch-work quilt,	1 00
" " " specimens of yarn & starch,	1 00
H. Stephens, specimens of blankets,	2 00
Miss Mary A. Baird, collar and under sleeves,	1 00
J. R. Shuford, flannel and basket,	50
Miss Mary Shackelford, embroid'd dress,	50
Mrs. T. P. McClure, muslin collar,	50
Mrs. Sarah A. Smith, peach preserves,	50
" " " quince jelly,	50
" " " domestic carpet,	50
A. T. Summey, best butter,	1 00
A. B. Jones, woolen socks,	50
Mrs. N. W. Woodfin, quince marmelade,	50
N. W. Woodfin, specimen of smithing,	3 00
Miss Rebecca Richmond, embroidered chair pattern,	2 00
Miss Alice Sheldon, pair of ottomans,	50
Miss J. Wagner, " "	50
Miss Mary J. Nabb, mats and basket,	50
Miss Anna Woodfin, mats,	50

The Committee on Poultry beg leave to report the following premiums, viz:

J. R. Shuford, coop of Shanghai chickens	1 00
Col. W. M. Hardy, pair African geese,	50
G. W. Shackelford, Muscovy ducks,	50

I. B. SAWYER, *Sec'y.*

[From the Squatter Sovereign—Extra.]

GREAT EXCITEMENT AT DONIPHAN, K. T.—AN ABOLITIONIST KILLED.—We learn from Mr. Newman, of Doniphan, that Samuel Collins, of that place, was killed this morning about sunrise, by Pat. Laughin. As far as we have been able to learn, the circumstances are as follows:

Mr. Laughlin recently made an exposition of the midnight organization existing among the Abolitionists in the Territory, called the "Grand Encampment and Regiments of the Kansas Legion." Collins, it seems, is Colonel of one of the regiments in this Order, and determined to force Mr. Laughlin to a retraction, or kill him. In accordance with this determination, he and some twelve brother Abolitionists proceed this morning, to seek out Mr. Laughlin, and demanded an unqualified retraction of his recent confession; and upon Mr. L.'s refusing to make any concession whatever, Collins immediately snapped his gun at him, (Laughlin) and then fired at him, but fortunately the weapon was turned aside by a spectator. Mr. Laughlin then drew a revolver and fired upon his opponent, killed him instantly.

We regret to learn that Mr. L. was dangerously hurt in the conflict by a knife wound in the side.—We are also informed that his friend, Mr. Lynch, a member of the pro-slavery party, was wounded in the head by the discharge of a gun.

Thus it is, that the fight so long talked about has begun, and it is to be hoped that it will not be discontinued until Kansas Territory is rid of this "higher law," and blood-thirsty set of negro thieves and outlaws.

A GOD-SEND TO THE MASSACHUSETTS KNOW-NOTHINGS.—The substitution of the plurality system of voting, instead of the majority, has alone saved the Know-Nothing party in Massachusetts from utter defeat and annihilation. Had the majority system prevailed, (says the Boston Times) Gradner and Benchly, with the entire State ticket, would have been defeated; and, as the House has a decided anti-Know-Nothing majority, it would not have been possible to have elected the Know-Nothing candidates. Besides, in a majority election, this party would have also lost the Senate, the vacancies in which would have been filled with opponents, and thus the State government itself would have passed out of the hands of this proscriptive and illiberal party. The plurality system, then, as all can see, has enabled the Know-Nothings to hold on another year. We have, therefore, the anti-Democratic principle in full operation, which allows a small minority to govern the majority. Is this the practical exposition of the hunbugery, "that Americans shall rule old Massachusetts?"—The majority are the ruled instead of the rulers. *Rich. Enq.*

RULES FOR SELF GOVERNMENT.—Always sit next to the carver, if you can, at dinner.

Take no notes or gold with you to a fancy bazaar, nothing but silver.

Make friends with a steward on board a steamer; there's no knowing how soon you may be placed in his power.

In every strange house it is well to inquire where the brandy is kept. Only think, if you were taken ill in the middle of the night.

Write not one more letter than you can help.—The man who keeps up a large correspondence is a martyr, tied, not to the stake, but to the post.

Wind up your conduct, like your watch, once every day, examining minutely whether you are "fast" or slow.

COMMUNICATIONS.

For the Standard.

Editors N. C. Standard:

GENTLEMEN:—I was pleased to see the communication of "S." in your last issue, and cordially second his views. I concur with him in the opinion that the County and District Fairs can and ought to be made auxiliary to the State Fair, and hope hereafter those Counties and Districts intending to hold Fairs, will have them anterior to the State Fair.

As to the idea that the late Fair was a failure, no sensible man who was present, will for a moment admit it. 'Tis true, in some departments, there was a deficiency—in others it was vastly superior to the preceding Fairs.

Your correspondent, "S." (in whom I recognise a public spirited citizen of the eastern part of the State,) has fully exploded the idea of failure in giving a somewhat detailed account of the various things on exhibition. In the matter of "material aid" it was the most successful Fair yet held, and the condition of the State Society is now on a better footing than it ever has been. We went into the late Fair twelve hundred dollars in debt. The Treasurer's account now exhibits eight hundred dollars on hand, every claim against the Society having been satisfied. Add to this the annual State donation of fifteen hundred dollars, and the account will stand twenty-three hundred dollars in the treasury, to prepare for the next exhibition, against twelve hundred dollars in debt at the beginning of the late Fair. Here is a fair showing to improve on the past; and the Executive Committee are determined to leave no stone unturned to make the next exhibition a success beyond cavil or dispute.

We were not surprised at the strictures of the Associate Editor of the Standard, relative to the want of attention and facilities shown the Press at the late Fair, for they were just and will be attended to in future; but we were surprised at a citizen of Raleigh and Associate Editor of one of the leading papers of the State, not becoming a member of the State Society, and donning the badge which would have given him the free entre to the grounds at all times, without troubling his pocket for that twenty-five cents, of which he made mention.* But we will not quarrel with the Associate Editor now.—We will see to it that the Editorial Corps hereafter shall have complimentary tickets, and facilities afforded them for obtaining all the information they desire.

It is a great slur upon our State, Messrs. Editors, that we can't do things on as creditable a scale in North Carolina as is done in other States. See the examples of Virginia and Maryland. Their State Societies are well endowed, and their annual exhibitions are "fixed facts" for the future, while our Society has been struggling for dear life, and been compelled, from the low state of the funds in the treasury, to offer a list of premiums which makes the cheek of our State pride mantle with mortification. Your City of Raleigh, gentlemen, shows a degree of niggardliness in this matter reprehensible in the extreme. Look at Richmond and Petersburg, and see what they have done for their Fairs, and witness the eminent success which attends them, while Raleigh looks on with folded arms and suffers the State Society to struggle for a bare existence.—Ten or twenty thousand dollars would be a small donation for your town to make to the treasury of the State Society. It would be money well spent, in the leading interest of the State; and I have no doubt would handsomely reimburse you in a few years. The State Society needs money, and a good round sum of it, to make our Fairs respectable and permanent. The State has been liberal enough in donating fifteen hundred dollars annually, and if the City of Raleigh, and twenty or thirty counties would show a like liberal spirit, our ends could be accomplished for all time to come. Edgecombe is ready now, as she has been heretofore, to raise five hundred or one thousand dollars, whenever backed by twenty counties with a like sum. Without some farther aid, I fear our Society will maintain a sickly existence for a few years, and expire.

Very respectfully,
Your obedient servant,
D. OF EDGECOMBE.

[* The associate editor begs leave to say that he had intended becoming a member of the Society, but considering the lack of courtesy to the press by the officers of the Society, he felt that he would be wanting in self-respect to become a member at that time. He is happy to learn that the errors of the past, in this respect, are to be corrected in the future; and he feels conscious that he has had some influence in bringing about the correction, and is gratified that he has, so far, been benelicial to the Society.]

For the Standard.

EXPLANATORY.

Editors of the North Carolina Standard:

GENTLEMEN:—In the Standard of the 14th inst., my attention was arrested by a communication over the signature of "Harnett," mildly rebuking me, for proposing the name of the Hon. Jas. C. Dobbin for the Vice Presidency of the United States, instead of the Presidency. The circumstances that induced me to write the article in dispute, I will briefly relate.

A short time ago, I saw in the newspapers, an effort was being made by the friends of Senator Slidell of Louisiana, to bring out Mr. Dallas for President, and the former gentleman for Vice President; and that Mr. Secretary Davis' friends were strenuously urging the claims of Mr. Buchanan for our standard bearer in 1856, with Mr. Davis' name on the ticket, for the second office in the gift of the Republic. I thought it was time, *if it was generally conceded by the South, that the North was to have the next President, that North Carolina, from the able services of Mr. Dobbin, had a right to ask of the Democracy, a calm and dispassionate consideration of his claims for the office to which the South would then be entitled.* Does "Harnett" now understand the motive that actuated me in this matter?

"Harnett" certainly misapprehends me, when he thinks I would disparage or "undervalue" the character, the eminent services, the acknowledged ability, and the strong claims of Secretary Dobbin. I spoke of Mr. Dobbin from the history of his public career, and the enviable reputation he sustains in social life, as admitted by political adversaries. If, contrary to expectation, the South is to be honored with the next President, I unhesitatingly avow, without equivocation or ambiguity, I prefer James C. Dobbin for that elevated station, to any siatesman within her sunny borders. I poignantly regret to own, there are papers in North Carolina advocating the nomination of Henry A. Wise for President, instead of our favored and gifted son. "Harnett" will readily perceive the correctness and wisdom of the course I have pursued. I would say to your correspondent ("Harnett,") that Mr. Jefferson, the founder and able exponent of our creed, was once Vice President, and that at a subsequent period, he was elected to the first office under the Constitution. Should a Northern statesman be favored with the first honor, and Mr. Dobbin with the second, the latter would, by his faithful and impartial discharge of duty, added to his great personal popularity, ensure his elevation to the first post of responsibility and eminence at the next national contest.

This is a very delicate matter to discuss in public. An unscrupulous Know Nothing press and its "strikers" would, as their cause is desperate, and is every day sinking deeper and deeper into disrepute, endeavor to convert a controversy of this character, into a dissention in our party, the very idea of which "Harnett" and myself would most profoundly regret.

W. V. G.

THE WILMINGTON SAVINGS BANK.—This institution has been in operation six months. We learn that the number of depositors is one hundred and twenty-two, and that the amount deposited, is $6,908 82. Various amounts have been loaned out on bond and mortgage of real estate, and on the whole, considering the times, the Bank has fully met the expectations of its founders. *Wil. Herald.*

HOGS.—The first drove of hogs of the season passed through our town on Monday last on their way South. They were very fine, and their owner. was asking six cents per lb. We have not been able to ascertain any thing with regard to the number that will be driven through this place this fall, but predict a great deficit. *Ashe. Spectator.*

THE CHICAGO GRAIN MARKET.—According to the Chicago Journal there has been shipped, since the opening of navigation to the present time, thirteen millions, one hundred and sixty-two bushels of grain. This does not include shipments by railroad. Over seven and a half millions of the above amount consisted of corn, and upwards of four and a half millions of wheat.

BUTTER AND OTHER THINGS.

A REPORT, BY E. D. LITTLE, OF HAVERHILL (N. H.) AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY.

The beneficence of the Creator is manifested in so disposing our tastes and so adapting these to the varieties with which we are surrounded as to make life a scene of enjoyment instead of a burden. It might have been that necessary food would have been noisome, as it is sometimes to the diseased stomach, had it not have pleased the Creator to have ordered it otherwise. Bread is the staff of life, but butter is given to make it slip down easier and with a better relish. But it depends something on who makes the butter whether it answers this purpose. Butter made in Joe Bunker's house needs to be eaten in the dark; then to make it pass well one or two other senses should be laid aside; while that made by his brother Jonathan may be eaten in the full blaze of noon; you would wish that your neck was as long again, that you might have the pleasurable sensation of swallowing prolonged. Perhaps a bit of the history of their better halves will explain the whole matter.

Joe's wife was Sally Sly. When a small girl she was sly; she would not half wash the milk pail, but sly it away and let it sour. She was sly at school and did not half get her lessons, but would have her books in sight when reciting; but as she grew older she learned that to get well married she must appear well, and so she bent all her cunning to get a superfical education in every thing, from roasting potatoes to playing the piano. Poor Joe fell in love with her, and "love has no eyes;" so he married her. But soon after she entered on house-keeping his eye-sight came, and he saw his fix, that it was "for better or for worse," and he thought it was all for worse.—Like a true philosopher he concluded to endure what he could not avoid or cure, and got along tolerably well, only when he came to her butter, for his mother was a real butter-maker. Every time he saw, or tasted of Sally's butter he felt the horrors. Her manner of making butter is somewhat as follows: She thinks it of no consequence whether the milk pail is sweet or sour; sets the milk in a warm room because it is easier than to go into the cellar; and if some dirt should blow into the pans she thinks every man must "eat a peck of dirt," and in no place will it slip down easier than in butter; she lets the cream pots be open, and when she churns forgets the poke; leaves the cream at blood heat that it may come quick; when she takes it out of the churn she picks out the bodies of all flies and spiders—the legs and wings are so small they can be swallowed; she works out half the buttermilk and sets it away in a warm place for use. Poor Joe has seen so much of this kind that he declares butter does not agree with health, and will not taste it. Yet his wife wonders why he does not try it, and marvels that he does not keep a dairy and make butter for market.

Jonathan was a younger brother to Joe, and he had occasion to eat at his brother's enough to know why he did not eat butter; and he declared he would never marry without knowing what his butter would be worth. Following the bent of his fancy, he made several attempts at matrimony, and Julia Jumper almost caught him, for there was always good butter on the table for tea; but he was determined to know who made it. On inquiry she says; "La me! mother makes the butter; I take lesons on the piano." "Well," says Jonathan, "I want a wife that takes lesons on the churn. I shall look further."

After several unsuccessful attempts, and just ready to despair, he started in pursuit of stray cattle before breakfast, and wandered through the forest into the next town, and, weary and hungry, called at a decent-looking house and asked for some refreshments, which was most cordially granted, for the family were what are called Scotch-Irish—in religion Presbyterian, and in hospitality boundless. Here he found the butter exactly right; though the weather was hot the butter kept its shape as well as beeswax. He catechised the old lady about her housewifery, for the bread was as right as the butter. The old lady said her health was feeble, she could do out little, and Jenny had the whole management. He made some roundabout inquiries concerning Jenny, and heard that she was a hearty, black-eyed lass of about two and twenty; had never seen a piano or attended a ball, but knew the Assembly's catechism and could sing Old Hundred to a charm, spin flax, and darn stockings, and was then gone to town with butter. He lingered, but she was delayed, and when his excuses for staying were exhausted he started. He could not get the good butter out of his mind, and how it happened, I knew not, he soon found his way there again, and the result of his adventure was, he made a wife of Jane McKearn. And now, one lump of his butter is worth more than Joe's wife would make in a month. There is no trouble going to market; the keepers of genteel boarding-houses in the neighborning villages send and take it at the highest market price.

Now, the main difference between these two women arises from the manner of training, though there is no difference in natural disposition. Old Madam Sally never looked on to see that Sally did up her work right, but suffered her to shy off her work as she chose, and, though a good house-keeper herself, was altogether too indulgent, and like some other mothers, thought more of getting Sally well married than of making her fit for a wife; while old Madam McKearn was determined Jenny should be fit for any man's wife, whether she got married or not.

Perhaps there is no more certain criterion by which to judge a woman's general character for neatness and good house-keeping than by the quality of her butter. Find on the farmer's table, a good solid, properly salted and well-worked slice of butter, and you need not fear to eat the cake or hash; but see a splash of half-worked butter, salt in lumps, and a sprinkling of hair and flies legs, you may be sure that if you board there very long death will not be obliged to wait much for you to finish your peck of dirt. My advice is to young farmers to make it a *sine qua non* in a wife that she makes prime butter; and the young ladies who aspire to be farmer's wives had much better be imperfect in fillagree and music than be deficient in that most important art of making butter which smooths not only the sharp corners of crust and crackers, but will smooth asperities of the husband's temper.

RALEIGH FEMALE SEMINARY.—By reference to our advertising columns it will be seen that this new Institution, under the management of Rev. Wm. H. Christian, A. M., as President, will go into operation on the 9th of January next. Our high appreciation of the qualifications of Mr. Christian, both as a scholar and instructor, was made known to our readers several weeks ago, when we first learned that he had been invited to the Presidency of this Seminary. There is no gentleman within the range of our acquaintance, (and we profess to *know something* of the qualifications necessary to success in the arduous and responsible profession of teaching,) who is better fitted to preside over an institution of learning, or to whose care and direction we would sooner confide the education of our own daughter. Combining fine practical sense with the highest attainments in science and literature, uniting gentleness of disposition and suavity of manner to firmness of purpose in the conscientious discharge of duty, he is peculiarly suited to impart to Southern young ladies "*a thorough and practical and elegant education.*" We learn, too, that Mr. Christian will be aided by a full *corps* of competent professors. We doubt not the institution under his charge will enjoy a large and extensive patronage. *Warrenton News.*

MANUMITTED SLAVES.—Forty-eight slaves, manumitted under the provisions of the Will of the late Maxwell Chambers, took their departure from this place on Wednesday last—their destination, Oberline, Ohio. They were very amply provided with every necessary confort for their journey, which is free of expense to them; and with funds sufficient to sustain them for several months, until they can become acquainted with their new home, and find employment. So far as we know, these negroes, without an exception, were clear of any disgraceful reproach. We were personally acquainted with a number of them, and knew them to be obedient, industrious and honest; and some of them were consistent members of the Presbyterian church. They left here under the charge of Mr. Moses Rinner, who was employed by the late Mr. Chambers, a year ago, to conduct to Ohio some 18 or 20 other slaves whom he manumitted at the time. *Salisbury Watchman.*

NOTICE!

Rogers' Store Post Office, }
WARE CO., N. C. Nov. 12, 1855. }

ON THE THIRD DAY OF JANUARY, 1856, I SHALL offer for sale, if not sold before, *My Home Tract of Land*, containing seven hundred and forty-three acres, and will deduct off said tract of land from 43 to 100 acres, to suit myself, or purchaser, if required; lying in said county and State, on both sides of Big Lick and Seawell creeks and near Neuse river, and in one mile of the new Academy lately erected for school, &c. This land is well improved, with a good Dwelling House containing four fire-places and eight rooms, and a new medical office for the accommodation of a practicing physician, and one amongst the best stands for a physician in our section of the county. This tract of land cannot be excelled for the production of any thing that a farmer wishes to plant, nor surpassed by any in said county—abounding with health and the best of springs, free and limestone water, and abundance

The Standard.

RALEIGH, SATURDAY, NOV. 24, 1855.

NEW HAMPSHIRE—THE PRESIDENCY.

We copy below, from the Washington Union, the admirable Resolutions recently adopted by the Democrats of New Hampshire. These Resolutions embody the sentiments of as sound a Democracy as there is in the non-slaveholding States, and they are all that could be asked of our Northern friends.—They present a platform upon which all portions of the Union can stand firmly and in good faith in the next Democratic National Convention.

The Democrats of New Hampshire, it will be observed, have availed themselves of this occasion to express in warm terms their approval of the administration of President Pierce, and to commend him to the approaching National Convention for re-nomination. This expression of approval and of preferance will, we are sure, meet the hearty and enthusiastic concurrence of the Democracy of the country generally, and especially of the Democrats, anti-Know Nothings, and Southern rights men of the slaveholding States. Franklin Pierce has been true to the Constitution and to the Union—"true," as our New Hampshire friends declare, "to Democratic principles, and, therefore, true to the great interests of the country." The Constitution has been his text-book and his guide, and he has adhered to it with the iron will of a Jackson; and herein is his strength—the secret of the hold which he has on the confidence of the country. He has had, too, difficulties to encounter and overcome, though not of a similar nature, yet equal in magnitude and danger to those which beset the administration of Andrew Jackson. The fugitive-slave law has been enforced, as far as it was possible for him to do it, in its letter and spirit; the great principle of non-intervention by Congress in questions of slavery has been recognized and established; the frontiers of the Republic have been extended and protected; our rights as a neutral power, and as the first commercial power on the globe, have been sedulously guarded; and our foreign affairs have been so administered upon the maxim of "asking nothing but what is right, and submitting to nothing that is wrong," that the flag of the country has received additional lustre, and the name of AMERICAN CITIZEN has acquired a still prouder exaltation wherever that flag has gone or that name been pronounced. On all domestic questions, and especially on that one which so vitally concerns the Southern people, Franklin Pierce has acquitted himself to the entire satisfaction of the slaveholding States; yet he has not done this at the expense of any other section, or by sanctioning or advising encroachments upon Northern rights. *No just Southern man asks, on this question, more than the Constitution itself guarantees;* and that instrument is so full of the principles of wisdom and justice, that it requires only to be properly construed and administered to shed equally upon all sections its benefits and blessings.

We beg to assure our Democratic and anti-Know Nothing friends—if, indeed, such assurance be necessary—that we have no disposition to enter into a controversy on the question of the Presidency. It will be the duty of all good Democratic Republicans to support the nominee of the National Convention; and whoever that nominee may be, no one will go before us in the fixedness of purpose and the zeal with which we will support him. We are but responding to the voice of New Hampshire, uttered as it has been most opportunely, in commendation and approval of a public servant who has borne himself with such unwavering fidelity to the Constitution and to the rights of all; and we believe we have expressed the sentiments of ninety-nine hundreths of the Democracy of this State. In our judgment, good policy requires that the next President should be a Northern man; and if the South should desert Franklin Pierce, who in that region will hereafter stake himself for our rights?

While on this subject it is, perhaps, proper to state that we have the best reasons for believing that the name of the Hon. James C. Dobbin has not been mentioned in connection with the Presidency with his consent. He is identified with the administration—he is a part of that noble band of Cabinet officers who have so faithfully sustained and seconded the President in the performance of his arduous duties; and we know that Franklin Pierce has his entire confidence and friendship. No claims which any of his friends might urge in his behalf, could possibly be permitted to operate against the re-nomination of Gen. Pierce; nor, indeed, is his name before the country, as against any one, for such nomination.

"THE GRANITE DEMOCRACY IN STATE CONNENTION.—The Democracy of New Hampshire met in convention at Concord on the 14th inst. Ex-Governor Hubbard was chosen temporary and Hon. Harry Hibbard permanent president. Messrs. Rix, Baldwin, and Robinson were chosen secretaries, with ten vice presidents. The Hon. John S. Wells was nominated for governor, receiving on the first ballot 233 out of the 275 votes. The nomination was received with much applause. Mr. Wells is one of the first men in New Hampshire. He served a short time as Senator in the last Congress, and was distinguished for the ability with which discussed some of the most important questions which engaged the deliberations of the Senate. It is understood that he will take the stump and give New Hampshire a thorough canvassing. Of the result, under such circumstance, we can entertain no doubt.

The national democracy throughout the Union will read with profound satisfaction the noble resolutions unanimously adopted by the convention.—They are drawn with singular felicity, and will command an approving response from every true democrat, whether at the North or the South. The endorsement given to the administration of President Pierce was cordial and emphatic. The whole proceedings give full assurance of a brilliant democratic triumph in the Granite State in March next. The following are the resolutions:

"*Resolved*, That while the shifting organizations of our opponents have neither permanency of name nor consistency of doctrine, it is at once the merit and the glory of the democratic party that its great and guiding principles are immutable, its purposes fixed, and its name time-honored and unchanging.

Resolved, That we hold to a strict construction of the constitution, abstinence from the exercise of undelegated or doubtful powers, an economical administration of the State and federal governments, and a scrupulous observance of the reserved rights of States and of individuals.

Resolved, That democracy has no secrecy, and requires no oaths; that while it publicly avows, as a fundamental principle, freedom of conscience, without distinction of religious faith, the political equality of all whom the law recognises as American citizens, without reference to the accident of birth, it relies for success upon open discussion and the intelligence of the people: we, therefore, denounce the know nothing organization, so-called, as intolerant in its warfare upon the freedom of religious belief and the sacred rights of conscience, unjustly exclusive in its requirements of birth and blood, and anti-republican and dangerous in its methods of secret political action, as corrupting in its encouragement of secret combination and falsehood, reprehensible in its objects, and unmanly and dishonorable in the modes by which it seeks their accomplishment.

Resolved, That we believe in the cardinal doctrines of State rights and popular sovereignty; that we recognise in its broadest sense, as just and salutary, the principle that to the people of every organized State and Territory belongs of right the prerogative of regulating for themselves their own domestic and local affairs within the limits of the constitution; and that we denounce all violations of this principle, whether by the interference of the abolitionists of the free States or by the aggressions of their abettors in the work of sectional agitation from the slave States.

Resolved, That the constitution of the United States is founded upon the fundamental principle of entire and absolute equality among all the States of this Union; and it is not competent for Congress, or any other power, to impose upon new States coming into the Union any condition or restriction, in respect to their domestic institutions or internal concerns, which the federal constitution has not imposed upon the original States; and that any effort on the part of Congress, or any other power, to violate this principle should be met and resisted by all good citizens as an attempt to trample upon the constitution and destroy the Union.

Resolved, That we are in favor of a judicious regulation of the sale of spirituous liquors; but we believe the law of the last legislature, miscalled 'An act for the suppression of intemperance,' to be unconstitutional, illiberal, and oppressive in theory, and calculated in practice to aggravate the very evils it was proposed to remedy: we, therefore, advocate its immediate repeal.

Resolved, That the overturning of the established judiciary, and the substitution in its stead of the discarded project of the federal party of 1813, by the dominant factions in the last legislature, was in derogation of the organic law, in disregard of the wishes and to the detriment of the interests of the people of the State. The people will restore the integrity of the constitution and reinstate the judiciary upon its ancient foundation.

Resolved, That the know-nothing administration in this State, by its illiberal, vindictive, partisan, and unconstitutional legislation—by its unparalleled proscription of faithful public officers, and by its appointment of incompetent and unprincipled men to so large an extent in their places—by its palpable misrepresentation of the public sentiment of the State upon national questions of vital importance, and by its ruthless invasion of the sacred rights of individuals—have shown it to be unworthy of the confidence of a just and patriotic people, and deserving of the severest condemnation; and we have abundant evidence that, at the next election, the people will hurl these unfaithful servants from the seats they have disgraced, and restore honest men and a patriotic party to power.

Resolved, That the present national administration has been true to democratic principles, and, therefore, true to the great interests of the country. In the face of the most determined opposition, it has maintained the laws, enforced economy, fostered progress, and infused integrity and vigor into every department of the government at home. It has signally improved our treaty relations, extended the fields of commercial enterprise, vindicaed the rights of our citizens abroad, and gloriously illustrated American honor. It has asserted, with eminent impartiality, the just claims of every section, and has dared, at all times and under all circumstances, to be faithful to the constitution. We, therefore, proclaim our unqualified approbation of its measures and policy, and our unabated confidence and regard for our honored fellow-citizen who stands at its head. And we commend the name of Franklin Pierce to the approaching Democratic National Convention for renomination to the office of President of the United States, believing that, in a crisis like the present, the surest guarantee for the safety and success of the future is to be found in the comprehensive statesmanship and unfaltering fidelity to duty which have been so thoroughly tested and approved in the past."

THE HENDERSON FESTIVAL.

The last Warrenton News says, "the Committee of Arrangements met at Henderson on Tuesday last, and agreed upon all the arrangements preparatory to this great Festival. A committee was appointed to give a general notice of invitation to all the ladies and gentlemen of Virginia and North Carolina, and we shall have large hand bills stricken off in a few days for circulation throughout the country. Other arrangements were also made, necessary for the accommodation of the immense crowd of visitors that will be in attendance. Messrs. Dickinson, Douglas, Cass, Wise, Hunter, Stephens, Quitman, Butler, Keitt, and a host of other distinguished Statesmen and Orators have been invited, many of whom are expected to attend and address the people. Some have already been heard from, and have promised to be present. We doubt not it will be one of the largest and most brilliant festivals that ever took place in this section of the country."

The News adds—

"We are requested by the Chairman of the Committee of Arrangements for the Henderson Festival to say, that a splendid band of music has been secured for the occasion; and likewise that arrangements will be made with the President of the Raleigh and Gaston Railroad for a daily accommodation train, by which visitors along the line of the Road will be enabled to attend the Festival, and return to any desired point at night. Every thing will be arranged to suit the convenience of those who desire to be present at the celebration."

PRESIDENT PIERCE.

The New York Day Book concludes an excellent article under the heading "the friends of President Pierce," with these observations:

"Meantime, let the true friends of the President everywhere, East, North, West and South, stand up boldly for him and the principles of his administration. There should be no lukewarmness nor flagging now. Let us be as active, as energetic and as industrious as his enemies. He has stood the brunt of the battle, through the hardest of the fight. He has been faithful to the true principles of the democracy, amid not only the abuse, the jeers and the scoffs of his enemies, but in the face of desertion, and when those friends that should have stood by him have turned their backs upon him, and like Peter, denied him in the hour of trial.

We repeat, and we declare it boldly, there is nothing in the course of his whole administration that President Pierce has done for which the democracy should desert him, nor which, had he refused to do, they ought not to have deserted him."

The Day Book, unlike some of the Democratic journals in the free States, is an honest and straight-forward supporter of the Nebraska bill and of President Pierce's administration; and we heartily commend it to the attention of such of our friends in this State as wish to take a New York paper. Its course on the Nebraska bill and the question of slavery puts to shame even some of the Southern K. N. papers.

The Day Book is published daily at $6 per annum —N. R. Stimson, Publisher.

THE WASHINGTON MONUMENT.—The following table of the comparative heights of various structures in all parts of the world, will give a clearer idea of the colossal proportions of the Washington Monument, Washington City, when completed, than any simple description:

	HEIGHT—FEET.
Antonio's Column, at Rome,	135
Trajan's Column, at Rome,	145
Napoleon's Column, at Paris,	150
Washington's Column, at Baltimore,	180
Obelisk of Sesostris the Great, at Thebes,	200
Bunker Hill Monument, at Boston,	220
Column at Delhi,	262
St. Paul's Cathedral, (dome) London,	320
Tower of Malines,	350
Tower of the Cathedral, of Strasburg,	460
St. Peter's Cathedral, (dome) Rome,	465
Great Pyramid of Cheops, Egypt,	480
Washington National Monument, D. C.	600

ALABAMA SENATOR.—The Hon. Benj. Fitzpatrick, Democrat, has been elected Senator from Alabama for six years from the 4th of March last. Where is Jerry Clemens?

☞ We are requested to state that Bishop Andrew, of the Methodist Episcopal Church, will preach in the Methodist Church in this City, on Sunday next.

GEORGIA ALWAYS TRUE.

We find in the last "Milledgeville Union," the proceedings of a Democratic and anti-Know Nothing Mass Meeting, held at the Capitol on the 8th inst., in which such men as Hon. A. H. Stephens, Judge Iverson, Hon. Robt Toombs, and Linton Stephens, Esq., took part, and over which the Hon. Howell Cobb presided. We give below the Resolutions, which were unanimously adopted. They define with much force and clearness the views and position of the people of Georgia on the great questions of the day; and we feel confident these Resolutions will meet an approving response from a vast majority of the people of the slaveholding States. The Resolutions are as follows:

"*Resolved*, That as a portion of the Democratic and anti-Know Nothing party of Georgia, we declare, in the language of the Georgia Convention of 1850, "That we hold the American Union secondary in importance only to the rights and principles it was designed to perpetuate;" that past associations, present fruition, and future prospects, will bind us to it so long as it continues to be the safeguard of those rights and principles.

Resolved, That we hereby declare our full and unqualified adhesion to the following Resolution of the Georgia Convention of 1850, and our unalterable determination to maintain it in its letter and spirit, viz:—4th Resolution, Georgia Platform: "That the State of Georgia, in the judgment of this Convention, will and ought to resist even (as a last resort) to a disruption of every tie which binds her to the Union, any action of Congress upon the subject of slavery in the District of Columbia, or in places subject to the jurisdiction of Congress, incompatible with the safety, domestic tranquility, the rights and honor of the slaveholding States; or any refusal to admit as a State any Territory hereafter applying, because of the existence of slavery therein, or any act prohibiting the introduction of slaves into the Territory of Utah and New Mexico; or any act repealing or materially modifying the laws in force for the recovery of fugitive-slave."

Resolved, That we approve and endorse the action of our last Congress in the passage of the Nebraska-Kansas act, and the principles therein established, and in conformity with these principles the people of Kansas, have the right, when the number of their population justifies it, to form a Republican State Constitution, with or without slavery, as they may determine, and be admitted into the Union upon an equal footing with the other States; and that her rejection by Congress, on account of slavery, would be a just cause for the disruption of all the ties that bind the State of Georgia to the Union.

Resolved, That we adopt and approve the following Resolution passed unanimously by the last Legislature of Georgia: "Resolved by the General Assembly of the State of Georgia, That opposition to the principles of the Nebraska Bill, in relation to the subject of slavery, is regarded by the people of Georgia as hostility to the people of the South, and that all persons who partake of such opposition are unfit to be recognized as component parts of any party or organization not hostile to the South."

Resolved, That in accordance with the above resolution, whilst we are willing to act in party association with all sound and reliable men in every section of the Union, we are not willing to affiliate with any party that shall not recognize, approve and carry out the principles and professions of the Nebraska Kansas act, and that the Democratic and Anti-Know Nothing party of Georgia, ought to cut off all party connection with every man and party at the North, or elsewhere, that does not come up fully and fairly to this line of action.

Resolved, That those sound and reliable Democrats at the North, who have patriotically fought for the Nebraska Kansas act, and the maintainance of the fugitive slave law, against the combined forces of Know Nothingism and abolitionism, (which seek their repeal,) and who stand pledged to support the admission of Kansas into the Union as a slave State, should she ask it, merit the heartfelt sympathies, thanks and encouragement of all Southern men, in their patriotic position.

Resolved, That in the ranks of the Democratic party of the North alone, have been found those patriotic men, who have stood by the rights of the South, and, judging the future by the past, that party only contains the element of soundness upon the slavery question, upon which a national party can be constructed with which the South can consistently co-operate.

Resolved, That it is expedient and proper that the Democratic and Anti-Know-Nothing party of Georgia, be represented in the national convention of the Democratic party, which is to meet in Cincinnatti next Spring, for the purpose of nominating candidates for President and Vice President; that the Democratic and Anti-Know Nothing members of the Legislature, together with such other members of the party as may be chosen to attend, from their respective counties, be and they are hereby requested to meet at some convenient time during the present session, and select twenty delegates to said convention for this State.

Resolved, That our delegates to said Convention, ought, in our opinion, to be instructed by those who shall appoint them, to insist upon the adoption of a platform of principles as the basis of a national organization, prior to the nomination of candidates, and that said platform shall, amongst other things, include in substance the following propositions:

1st, The recognition and adoption of the principles established in the Kansas Nebraska act.

2d, That neither the Missouri Compromise, nor any other anti-slavery restriction, shall hereafter be extended over any Territory of the United States.

3d, The prompt and faithful execution of the Fugitive Slave Law, and its permanent continuance upon the Statute Book.

Resolved, That no man ought to be held and considered a member of the national Democratic party, who does not recognize, approve and adopt the foregoing propositions, and that the Democratic and anti-Know Nothing party of this State, through its said delegation, ought not to affiliate or act in said convention with any delegate or delegates, who shall disapprove and vote against the same.

Resolved, That if said propositions shall not in substance be incorporated in the platform adopted by said convention, the delegates from Georgia ought, in the opinion of this meeting, to withdraw from the convention, and take no farther part in the nominations or other proceeding of the same; and that our delegates ought to be instructed so to act.

Resolved, That the Democratic and anti-Know Nothing party of this State, ought, and will support the nominees of said convention for President and Vice President, provided the platform adopted by the said convention be in accordance with the spirit and intent of the foregoing propositions, and the nominees thereof, be pledged, if elected, to carry out the same in good faith in the administration of the government, and in appointments to office under the administration.

Resolved, That we sympathize with the friends of the slavery cause, in Kansas, in their manly efforts to maintain their rights and the rights and interests of the Southern people, and that we rejoice at their victories over the paid adventurers and jesuitical hords of northern abolitionism; that the deep interest felt and taken by the people of Missouri in the settlement of Kansas and the decision of the slavery question in it, is both natural and proper, and that it is their right and duty to extend to their Southern brethren, in that Territory every legitimate and honorable sympathy and support.

Resolved, That we are uncompromisingly opposed to the political organization commonly called the Know-Nothing Order, or American Party, having no sympathy with their secresy, their oaths, their unconstitutional designs, their religious intolerance and their political proscription.

Resolved, That we hail with delight the late signal triumphs in Virginia, Pennsylvania, Maine and other states including Georgia, of the Democratic Party, and of the patriotic Whigs, who co-operated in achieving these results over the Know-Nothing organization, as conclusive evidence, that in the great practical questions involved in that contest, Southern men may honorably and successfully combine, without regard to past political distinctions, to save the constitution from desecration, and the South from being prostrated before the power of Northern fanaticism and misrule.

Resolved, That the Democratic and anti-Know Nothing party in all our sister States, and especially of the Southern States, are respectfully and earnestly requested to take the foregoing resolutions into their early consideration, and cooperate with us in the policy and objects intended to be thereby secured."

The "Union" thus refers to the speeches on the occasion of the Hon. Robert Toombs and Hon. A. H. Stephens:

"Mr. Toombs reviewed the history of parties for twenty years past, said he could not continue to fight the Democratic party after the developments of 1854. When he saw fifteen Senators from the North, (all Democrats,) stand by the South and the Constitution, while three Senators, *from the South*, (all Know Nothings) voted with the North *against us*; he could not hesitate as to the course duty and patriotism dictated. But we cannot follow Mr. Toombs in his able, eloquent, and convincing argument against the proscriptive doctrines of the Know Nothings—our space forbids further comment at present. Suffice it to say, it was the link that bound together the anti-Know Nothing elements, in a union which we predict will be fruitful of untold blessings to the Union, and strengthen the hope of the successful maintenance of the rights and interests of our beloved South.

On Tuesday night of last week a verly large and intelligent audience of citizens, Members of the Legislature and strangers, assembled in the Representave Chamber to listen to a speech from the Hon. A. H Stephens. So great a treat was anticipated by the audience that few men except the distinguished Representative of the 8th Congressional district, could have realized their anticipations. We believe however that Mr. Stephens fully realized the hopes of his friends, and the fears of his enemies. He tore the mask from SAM and exposed his hideous features in all their concentrated ugliness. He demonstrated to the satisfaction of all who were disposed to listen to reason, that the triumph of the Know-Nothing party would have been the overthrow of our Republican form of Government. The grand Know-Nothing council would have controlled the action of a Know-Nothing Congress and the State Legislatures and would soon have become the Government. A secret conclave of irresponsible men, bound to each other by oaths and mystic ceremonies, would have ruled the destinies of this nation. Mr. Stephens showed up the Anti-American principles and practices of the falsely called American party. Every new principle advocated by this bogus American party is in opposition to the great principles established by the American Revolution and vindicated by the of 1812. The speech of Mr. Stephens was a masterly vindication of the principles of that great national party North and South, that has sustained the Constitution and the rights of the States, and a most severe castigation of Sam and his Northern allies. It was listened to with profund attention and called forth frequent and enthusiastic rounds of applause."

WISCONSIN ELECTIONS.

The Milwaukie News, of the 13th inst., publishes returns from 32 out of the 43 counties in the State. The vote for governor foots up as follows:

Barstow, democrat	8,230
Bashford, fusion	7,511
Democratic majority so far	719

The eleven remaining counties to beheard from will increase this majority. Last year the fusionists carried Wisconsin by a majority of over 7,000. In 1853 Barstow's majority was 8,519.

As far as heard from, the legislature stands as follows: Senate, 10 democrats to 13 fusionists. House, 36 democrats, 22 fusionists, and 1 independent.

SUDDEN DEATH.—We learn that on Thursday of the last Granville County Court, Isaac Cheatham, Esq., who was sitting in the Court House, listening to an argument, suddenly fell, and in a few moments expired.

VIRGINIA STATE DEBT.—The State of Virginia will have to pay, on the 1st of next January, about $700,000 interest on her debt. The Enquirer states that there will be ample means on hand to meet this interest.

☞ We welcome "D. of Edgecombe" to our columns, and should be glad to hear from him often.

☞ A Correspondent of the New York Evening Post gives the following account of the mode of making good flour in Ohio. He says:

"There are extensive mills here, at Madison, which turn out flour equal to any Genesee brands that I have ever seen. They are grinding the choice wheat of the country this year, the more northerly crop ripening later, and having sprouted by damp in the fields.

I visited the Palmetto Mills, owned by Messrs. Shrewsbury & Price. They are capable of manufacturing four hundred barrels a day. The wheat is brought in bags, and emptied directly from the railroad cars with a large funnel box hung like steel-yards; and after being weighed, the bottom is slipped out, and it falls into the lower story of the building. It is thence carried by "steam-elevators," which are buckets attached to a revolving belt, to the top of the mill, where it passes through a suction fan which separates the fragments of straw and chaff; and again it falls to the lower story. It is passed up a second time, and then goes through a circular sieve, called a *cheat screen*, which separates the cheat and very small unmatured grains, and again it falls below. The third elevation puts it though the *smut mill*, between revolving cylinders and millstones, by which process all the dirt is rubbed off, and it falls the third time to the lower floors. The fourth elevation conveys it to a fan, which finally blows out the broken and imperfect grains and dust, and passes it to a large chest, capable of holding hundreds of bushels, whence it descends to the millstones and is ground. It is then elevated to the upper story, and poured into a small room, called the *hopper-boy*, the floor of which is perforated in the centre with holes which are the mouths of the bolts. A revolving shaft is fitted with vertical paddles at a cross angle, which plough through the mass, drawing it gradually towards the centre, where it finds the mouths just named. This process cools it at the same time, the friction of the mill stones having made it quite warm. The bolting cloths carry it by an inclined plane into a lower story, the finer flour being separated in its progress; but this first separation is not perfect; all from which any superfine flour can be extracted, is sent up by return bolts, and is poured again into the hopper-boy. And so the process goes on, the various textures of cloth and sieve separating the bran and shorts all the time. The finest flour is then deposited in a chest, where by a steam screw it is packed into barrels at the rate of four hundred a day.

The freight on flour from this point to New York is about a dollar and a half."

TO THE DEMOCRATIC AND ANTI-KNOW NOTHING EDITORS OF NORTH CAROLINA, VIRGINIA, AND THE OTHER SOUTHERN STATES.—Numerous citizens of this Congressional District will celebrate the triumph of sound Constitutional principles in the late elections in the Southern States by a Grand Anti-Know Nothing Festival to be given by them on the 28th and 29th instant, at Henderson in the county of Granville, situated immediately on the Raleigh & Gaston Railroad. A large number of the most distinguished Orators and Statesmen of the Anti-Know Nothing party, throughout the Union, have been invited to be present and address the people on the occasion, and several of the most eminent men of the country have already accepted the invitation. The Editor of this paper is one of the Committee of Invitation, and he is authorized and requested by the Committee, most respectfully to invite all the Democratic and Anti-Know Nothing Editors throughout the South to participate with them in the proposed celebration. As none have contributed more to the success of the noble principles which we advocate than our brethren of the press, we sincerely trust that no class of our population will be more numerously represented, in proportion to number, at a Festival given in honor of their triumph. We extend to them, one and all, a hearty invitation, and promise those who shall attend a cordial welcome at this "feast of reason and flow of soul."

Warrenton News.

ITEMS OF STATE NEWS.

GOV. BAGBY AND MR. TREASURER COURTS.—Our citizens were most agreeably honored by the presence of these two distinguished gentlemen among us on Wednesday last.

The Governor and Treasurer, have been making a short visit to this part of the State—taking Greenville and Washington in their route—from which latter place, they were accompanied by our excellent and esteemed fellow citizen, John D. Whitford, Esq., the President of the Atlantic and North Carolina Rail Road Company. Taking the fine steamer Astoria, they proceeded down the sound to Portsmouth, and from thence to Beaufort, where they visited Shepard's Point, Carolina City, and other prominent places in the vicinity. On Tuesday evening the party arrived in this town, and Wednesday, the President and Chief Engineer and others of our townsmen, accompanied the Governer and Treasurer to the various localities of interest hereabouts. They visited the advanced works on this end of the Rail Road; inspected the solid and excellent masonry of the bridge over Smith's Creek, and the culvert near by. On their return they called at the Griffin Free School, through every department of which they were conducted by that most efficient and inestimable lady Manager, Miss Arete Ellis. The Governor expressed himself highly gratified with the manner in which the affairs of that noble charity are conducted, and gave utterance to the not inappropriate wish, that the pupils of many of our highest institutions could share advantages equal to those conferred gratuitously upon the recipients of the Griffin Bounty. On leaving "Griffin's School" the Governor visited the tombs of our illustrious townsmen Gaston and Stanly. He was much pleased with the costly and substantial improvements being made in and around our Burial Ground, particularly the beautiful gateway. He then visited the remains of Gov. Tryon's Palace, on George street, which was destroyed by fire in 1797.

In the afternoon, a very large number of the citizens of the town were invited by Mr. Whitford to meet the Governor and Treasurer at the Gaston House. At a quarter past 4 o'clock, some fifty or sixty gentlemen were in attendance, and sat down to the sumptuous tables of the very gentlemanly and obliging proprietor, Mr. T. L. Hall.

We shall not attempt to give anything like a detailed description of the dinner and its incidents.

The viands and wines were all that the most fastidious could wish, and the feast of reason and flow of soul, showed that the guests, were not only disposed to, but *did*, in fact, enjoy the repast with real zest.

A variety of patriotic and enlivening toasts were proposed and drank, giving rise to a constant flow of wit and mirth. We cannot pretend to give the toasts or even the substance of them; for, to confess the truth, our intellects were not altogether the clearest towards the close of the evening. Everything, however, was conducted in the most appropriate and strictly proper manner. There was that nevertheless, that we *do* recollect, and which, we shall mention, because of its extreme justness—and because it not only met our own, but also the warm approbation of every gentlemen present, and, we are quite sure, that of every fair minded man in the State. It was the toast of the President of the A. & N. C., R. R., Company, and is as follows:

"To our guest, Governor Bragg—not the Governor of a *Party* but the Governor of the *whole* State." It was received with round after round of applause. To which the Governor responded in a happy manner.

The Governor and Mr. Courts will carry with them the warm admiration and kind regards of many a political opponent, for their gentlemanly character and high social qualities. They certainly do confer honor on the high positions they so efficiently occupy, presenting a most agreeable and striking contrast to a vast number of those who fill the high places of States and Nations.

The truth is, we like them. May it be long before their shadows grow less. *Newbern News.*

The present week has so far been one of unusually fine weather and of much interest to our citizens. County Court is in session and our streets and stores are still crowded with our industrious Farmers—some on pleasure and some on business. On Tuesday an immense concourse of people were in town, and an interesting agricultural meeting was held in the court house.

Our readers may not generally be aware that the Wayne Agricultural Society had ceased to hold its regular meetings, yet such was indeed the fact, however sorry we may be to proclaim it. The meeting on Tuesday was intended to reorganize the society and we are glad to think that it has accomplished that object. We were present when the meeting was organized, which was done by calling W. K. Lane, Esq. to the chair, who explained its objects in a short, spirited, and appropriate speech. We had to retire from the meeting on business of urgent importance, and hence cannot enter into details.—When we went out, we left E. A. Thompson, Esq. addressing the audience in his usual warm, effective style. Mr. T. never speaks but he pleases. We cannot say whether any other speeches succeeded Mr. Thompson's. We learn, however, that spirited resolutions were passed, and that it is in contemplation to hold a Fair in Wayne county some time next Fall, and immediately to initiate steps to make that Fair every way worthy of Wayne and its farmers.

Goldsboro' Tribune.

The Directors of the Wilmington and Weldon Railroad, on last Friday reduced the rate of freight on lime and salt intended for transportation on the N. C. R. R. to the same rates charged for these articles by the general tariff of the Company. Of course, the N. C. R. R. Company will imitate this praiseworthy example. *Ib.*

North Carolina Conference.—Fifth Day.

Monday, Nov. 19.—The Conference met, Bishop Andrew in the Chair.

The opening religious services were conducted by Rev. S. S. Bryant.

On motion of Rev. Mr. Wyche, is was ordered that the Treasurer of the Conference Trustees pay to the Treasurer of the Missionary Society.

On motion of Rev. Mr. Pell, a committe on Missions was appointed.

Rev. P. W. Yarrel was re-admitted into the traveling connection.

A report from Rev. T. M. Jones, President of Greensboro' Female College was submitted, and on motion of Mr. Wyche it was referred to the committee on Education.

The examination of character was resumed and 24 Elders passed.

Rev. Mr. Closs, Agent for the Conference in a work connected with the Greensboro' Female College made a report touching his Agency.

Revs. T. C. Moses, Thompson, Garrard, W. Patterson, J. R. McIntosh, Wm. Holmes, Jas. Purdis, R. C. Maynard, Wm. Anderson, John Watson, W. J. Parks, B. T. Blake were continued in a superannated relation.

Rev. B. M. Williams was placed in a superanuated relation.

Rev. W. W. Nesbit was placed in a supernumerary relation.

Rev. W. Closs, S. S. Bryan, R. J. Carson, Jos. Wheeler, Wm. E. Pell and Wm. Carter were announced as the Committee on Missions.

Rev. T. B. Beeks was placed in a superanuated relation.

Rev. Wm. A. Brame was by his own request granted a certificate of location.

On motion of R. J. Carson, Conference adjourned.

Sixth Day.

TUESDAY, Nov. 20th.—Conference met—Bishop Andrew in the chair.

The journal was read and approved.

The examination of character was resumed.—When the name of Y. W. Pastell was called, his Presiding Elder, Rev. Mr. Wilson, presented a charge of immorality against him, with several specifications; after a careful and thorough investigation the charge was sustained, and Y. W. Pastell was expelled from the Church.

T. R. McRae was discontinued on account of ill health.

Mr. Burton from the Committee on Cenotaph of the late H. G. Leigh, D. D., reported that in obedience to the wishes of the Conference the work assigned them of erecting a Cenotaph to the memory of Dr. Leigh, in the chapel of Randolph, Macon College, has been executed.

On motion the Conference adjourned to meet this evening at 8 o'clock.

This is General Muster day; and as we write, the strains of martial music come floating down the breeze, and the "milingtary" are winding their way to the parade ground. The display is not quite as brilliant as on previous occasions; but if the regiment shall not excel in military spirit and knowledge, it will not be the fault of Col. Cantwell, who is a good officer. We have a respect for the "bum-a-litia," as the little boys call them—they make the best soldiers in the world, for they don't know when they are whipped. Vide, Buena Vista, and the battle fields of Mexico. These are the men of whom Lord Ellesmore is justly afraid. They are the men when battles are to be fought, over anxious for the fray. Long life to the citizen soldiery.

Wil. Herald.

The official announcement of the election of General Ward to Congress in the Eastern District of Texas, gives a quietus to all Know Nothing hopes and telegraph reports. The Democratic Lieutenant Governor is also elected, with a large Democratic majority in the Legislature; so that Know Nothingism in Sam Houston's State has been as completely overthrown as the Mexicans were at San Jacinto.

Mobile Register.

Suicide.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 10.—E. Debust, an eminent mineralogist of North Carolina, committed suicide by cutting his throat at a hotel in this city, this morning. Pecuniary embarrassments are supposed to have been the cause of the rash act. The deceased was the discoverer of gold in North Carolina.

New York Bank Statement.

NEW YORK, Nov. 19.—The weekly statement of the New York City Banks shows an increase of $447,000 in specie; and the following decreases: $424,000 in loans; $147,000 in circulation, and $489,000 in deposits.

MARRIED,

In Louisburg, on the 14th inst., by the Rev. Mr. Thomas, of St. Paul's Church, Mr. John S. Yarborough to Miss Cora M. Foster.

By the Rev. Jno. C. Wilson, on the 15th inst., A. M. Blake, of Wake, to Miss Luselta C. Wilson, daughter of Asa Wilson, Esq., of Chatham County.

In Wake County, on the 18th instant, by John M. Ferrell, Esq., Mr. George D. Hays to Miss Martha A. Lynn, daughter of Mr. Jas. Lynn.

THE LIFE OF A GREAT ORATOR.

Second Supply Now at Hand.

THE LIFE OF S. S. PRENTISS. Edited by his Brother, 2 vols. 12mo. $2 50.

"Next to Patrick Henry, S. S. Prentiss was the greatest natural orator that has appeared in this country. * * * * * Dazling wit, keen sarcasm, apt illustrations, and brilliant figures of speech, poured in profusion from his lips—borne on a torrent of feeling which irresistibly carried away whatever audience he addressed. His habits were convivial; he was a prince of good-fellowship, full of fun and anecdote, and no one ever exceeded him in the grace with which he told a story." *Buffalo Com.*

"S. S. Prentiss is one of the most brilliant names which adorn our annals. * * *. The work is a valuable contribution to American literature, and its contents most strongly interest every admirer of true genius and genuine eloquence." *Troy Times.*

"His public career was a brilliant one. As a lawyer he was second to none of his profession in the Southwest, or, if success be the test of merit, in the land." *Christian Mirror.*

For sale by
W. L. POMEROY.

Raleigh, Nov. 20, 1855. 104—

LOUISBURG MALE ACADEMY.

THE TRUSTEES TAKE PLEASURE IN ANNOUNCING to the public, that they have secured the services of Mr. Matthew S. Davis—a young man who has sought a solid education, with express reference to the business of teaching, and has selected it, not as a stepping stone to some other call, but as a permanent profession. Mr. Davis is a graduate of the University of North Carolina, and was prepared for College chiefly in the School of which he has now become the Principal. We have had, therefore, every opportunity of knowing his character and qualifications; and we confidently assure those who may feel inclined to patronize the School, that they will find in Mr. Davis a teacher to whom they may with comfort and confidence intrust the moral and mental training of their children.

Board can be had in the village at $10 per month.

Tuition—English Department,	$10 00
Latin and Greek,	15 00
Incidental expenses,	50

The next Session will commence the 2nd Monday in January, 1856. By order of the Board,

A. H. RAY, *President.*

DANIEL S. HILL, *Sec'y.*
Louisburg, Nov. 8th, 1855. 1—4w.

A TEACHER WANTED.—TO TAKE CHARGE of the Valley Academy, Caldwell county, N. C. For a permanent classical school, there is scarcely a more desirable location in the State, combining, as it does, the advantages of health, cheapness, morality of the neighborhood, &c. None need apply except such as are thoroughly qualified to prepare boys to enter our University, and who are of good moral conduct.

Application must be made by 1st of January, 1856. No objection to a limited sch ool, if preferred. Direct to the undersigned, or to Gen. S. F. Patterson.

ED. W. JONES,
Fort Defiance, N. C.
Nov. 19, 1855. 1—5t.

THE WAR OF 1812.

A MEETING OF THE DEFENDERS OF THE country in the war of 1812, now residing in North Carolina, will be held at Raleigh on Wednesday, the 12th December, for the purpose of appointing Delegates to the National Convention, which will assemble at Washington City on the 8th January next. As several important propositions will be presented to the consideration of the Convention, a full attendance at the meeting is desirable.

MANY SOLDIERS OF 1812.
Nov. 22, 1855. 1—2t.

FIVE CENTS REWARD.

MARCELLUS DRIVER, (OR MORSE,) A bound apprentice, having absconded from me, this is to not fy all persons not to harbour or give employment to him. He is 15 or 16 years old, has dark hair and rather dark skin. I will give the above reward for his delivery to me.

B. TEMPLE.
Nov. 22, 1855. 1—1pd.

Raleigh, Nov. 20, 1855.

☞ **THE KANE HOUSE** ☜

Re-Opened, on the CASH plan.

Every Delicacy of the Season served at all hours. (See Bill of Fare.)

N. B.—Claggett's Superior Ale on draught.

104—tf.

WANTED.—A GENTLEMAN AND HIS LADY to take charge of the Wilson Female Institute, N. C. The buildings, which are large and commodious, will be rented to the Principal for $200 per annum, which will be about 10 per cent. on the average revenue of the Institute. The next session will commence on the first Monday in January. The course of instruction will embrace the ancient and modern languages, Mathematics, Music on Guitar and Piano, Drawing, Ornamental needle work, &c. As a thorough and critical knowledge of these divisions of education will be necessary, none save competent persons need apply. Address with testimonials,

B. H.

CLARENDON IRON WORKS.
WILMINGTON, N. C.
A. H. VANBOKKELEN, Proprietor.

THE SUBSCRIBER HAVING PURCHASED THE entire interest in the "CLARENDON IRON WORKS," solicits orders for

Steam Engines, of any power or style,
Saw Mills of every variety,
Mining Machinery and Pumps,
Grist and Flour Mills, complete,
Parker, Turbine and other Water wheels,
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Leavitt's Corn and Cob Crusher,
Rice Thrashers,
Shingle Machines,
Shafting Hangers and Pullies,
Cotton Gins and Gearing,
Iron Castings of all kinds and patterns,
Brass " " "
Locomotive and Tubular Boilers,
Flue and plain Cylinder Boilers,
Blacksmith work of all kinds,
Iron Doors for Houses and Jails.

THE ESTABLISHMENT.

Having been re-organized for the express purpose of insuring punctuality in the execution of all orders, the public may rest satisfied that any work which may offer will be promptly delivered according to promise, and of such workmanship as cannot fail to give satisfaction.

THE MECHANICAL DEPARTMENT

Being in charge of men of talents and experience, I have no hesitation in saying that the work hereafter turned out, shall compare favorably in every respect with that of the most celebrated in the States, and at prices which will make it to the interest of all in want to send me their orders.

REPAIR WORK

Always done without delay—and having a large force for that purpose, it will prove advantageous to any person needing such to give me the preference without regard to expense of sending same from a distance.

Orders will be addressed to "Clarendon Iron Works," Wilmington N. C.

A. H. VANBOKKELEN.
Oct. 15. 95—tf.

D. C. CARRINGTON & CO.,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL GROCERS
AND
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
Goldsborough, N. C.,

WOULD RESPECTFULLY INFORM THE CITIZENS of Wayne and adjoining counties, that they have a large and comprehensive stock of goods now on hand, and are daily in receipt of such articles necessary for this section of country, all of which will be sold low for Cash, or to responsible and punctual customers on *time*. Orders from the country solicited. Articles will be forwarded *promptly* and in good order. *Particular attention* paid to consignments of Produce and Merchandise generally, sent us. We have now on hand, and are daily in receipt of the following goods:

200 brls. Lime; 25 brls. Hydraulic Cement;
25 " Calcined Plaster; 200 bushels Plasterers Hair;
200 sacks Ground Alum and Liverpool salt;
250 bush. Turk's Island Salt; 4 bags Feathers;
24 Nova Scotia Grindstones and Fixtures;
50 brls. Whiskey, Gin and Rum;
10 " Cognac Brandy; 5 brls. Cider Vinegar;
3000 kegs Pure White Lead; 6 brls. Boiled and Raw Linseed Oil;
24 boxes Ass'd Candles; 24 boxes Sperm, Tallow and Adamantine Candles;
24 boxes Herkimer county Cheese; 2 brls Lard;
36 Fine Sugar-cured Hams; 10 boxes Ass'd Pickles;
2 bags Sicily and Brodeaux Almonds; 2 bags Filberts;
10 boxes Raisins; 2 barrels English Walnuts; 1 case Fr. Chocolate,
2 cases Fr. Mustard; 20 bags Rio and Java Coffee;
10 brls. crushed and clarified Sugars;
20 boxes Butter, Soda and Sugar Crackers;
20 " Smoked Herrings; 3 bales Gunny Bagging;
20 coils Rope; 50 kegs Nails, ass'd. from 3 to 40d;
200 bunches Spun Cotton; 300 yds. North Carolina Oznabugs and Sheetings;
2 hhds. Bright P. R. Sugar; 10 boxes No. 1 and Pale Soap;
2 tons Hoop Iron; 2 tons Swedes Iron; 10 kegs Horse Shoes;
6 brls. Distiller's Glue; 2 brls. Bungs; 1000 kegs Potash for making soap;
24 gro Matches; 6 doz. Axes; 2 casks Rice; 400 sacks Table and Dairy Salt; 10 boxes Starch; 6 boxes Babbitts Salaratus;
200 pr. Negro Mackinaw and Rose Blankets; 12 pr. heavy Kersey; 4 pr. Corduroy; 20 pair servants Plaids;
together with a full assortment of Hardware, Saddlery, Boots and Shoes, Crockery, Earthern Ware and Hollow Ware, Trunks and Carpet Bags, Hats and caps, fine double and single barrel Guns, Ploughs, Fan Mills, corn Shellers, Straw and Suansage Cutters, Hominy Mills, Garden, Dirt and Brick Wheel Barrows, Burning Fluid, Lamp Black and Logwood, Copperas, Window Glass and Putty, and many articles too numerous to mention. Country produce taken in exchange for goods.

Goldsboro', Sept. 27th, 1855. 91—6m.

MAIL ARRANGEMENTS, AT RALEIGH.

Arrival and Departure of Railroad and Stage Lines at and from Raleigh.

NORTHERN MAIL,—(By Railroad,)—
eaves daily ..... at 7½ a. m.
Arrives daily ..... at 6½ p. m.
(Mail closes at 6½ a. m.)

SOUTHERN MAIL,—(By Two-horse Hack,)—
Leaves daily ..... at 7½ a. m.
Arrives daily ..... at 3 p. m.
(Mail closes at 6½ a. m.)

WESTERN MAIL,—(By Four-horse Coaches,)—
Leaves daily ..... at 8 a. m.
Arrives daily, ... at 2½ p. m.
(Mail closes at 8 a. m.)

PITTSBOROUGH MAIL,—(By Two-horse Hack,)—
Leaves Sunday and Wednesday ..... at 5 a. m.
Arrives Monday and Thursday ..... at 7 p. m.
(Mail closes Tuesdays and Saturdays at 9 p. m.)

GOLDSBOROUGH MAIL,—(By Four-horse Coach.)—
Leaves daily, (except Sunday,) ..... at 7 a. m.
Arrives daily, (except Monday,) ..... at 11 p. m.
(Mail closes at 7 p. m.)

TARBOROUGH MAIL,—(By Two-horse Hack,)—
Leaves Monday, Wednesday and Friday, ... at 5 a. m.
Arrives Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, ... at 7 p. m.
(Mail closes Sunday, Tuesday and Thursday at 9 p. m.)

ROXBOROUGH MAIL,—(By Horse,)—
Leaves Friday, ... at 12 m.
Arrives Friday ..... at 9 a. m.
(Mail closes Friday at 12 m.)

RECENT PUBLICATIONS.

EVENINGS WITH THE PROPHETS: a Series of Memoirs and Meditations. By Rev. A. Morton Brown.
THE SIX DAYS OF CREATION: a series of familiar letters from a father to his children. By W. G. Rhind.
A view of the Scripture Revelations concerning a future state. By Richard Whately, D. D., late Archbishop of Dublin.
The Universe no Desert; the Earth no Monopoly.
The Plurality of Worlds. Edited by Dr. Hitchcock.
Clouds and Sunshine. By Charles Reade, Author of "Peg Waffington."
Christy Johnson, by ditto.
The Elder Sister. By Marion James.
Ethel; Or, the Double Error. By Marian James.
Romance of American History. By Joseph Barraud.
Maud, and Other Poems. By Tennyson.
Plays. By Anna Cora Mowatt.
Slaucus. By Charles Kingsley. For sale by
W. L. POMEROY.
Raleigh, October 19, 1855. 95—

BLACK MORIANTIQUE SILKS, BLACK AND Colored Cloaks, Plain and Watered Silks, Black and colored Talmas, Plain and Plaid Silks, Shawls and Mantillas of the latest importations. Just received and for sale at
H. L. EVANS.
Sept. 29, 1855. 90—

FRENCH MERINO, FRENCH DeLANES, BLACK Alpacca, English Merino, Common DeLanes, Canton Cloth, Coburgs, Plaid Cashmeres, Bombazine Ladies Handkerchiefs, Gents. do. Call and examine before you buy.
H. L. EVANS.
September 29, 1855. 90—

$25 REWARD.

RANAWAY FROM THE SUBSCRIBER ON THE 17th inst., a negro man, REUBEN, black, twenty-seven years of age, five feet nine inches in height, weighs one hundred and sixty-five pounds, has when not embarrassed, a bold, plausible address, a good face, and a receding forehead, between one of his great and next toe a scar, the cut of an oxe, which causes the big toe to point across the foot towards the outside. No other notable marks recollected. Reuben was brought up in Robeson County in this State, had a wife there,—owner not known,—was bought when sold from Robeson by Messrs. Leighton & Sherman, of Georgetown, S. C., and by me of Z. B. Oakes, a broker in Charleston, on the 5th day of June last, and brought to this county where he labored and behaved well up to the time of his disappearance. He is well acquainted about Fayetteville, having drove the wagon from Robeson to that place.

I will give the above reward of $25 for his apprehension and confinement in any jail, as soon as I get him, and not grumble.

JOSEPH A. WEATHERLY.
Greensboro', Guilford Co., N. C., Sept. 1855. 94—tf.

MASONIC.—THE OFFICERS, MEMBERS, AND Representatives of the Grand Lodge of North Carolina are hereby informed that the Annual Communication of this Masonic body will be held in this City, on Monday evening, the 3d December next, at 7 o'clock, for the transaction of such business as may be submitted for its consideration. The Officers of the Subordinate Lodges are requested to attend in person, or cause proper Representatives to be appointed, in conformity with the Constitution and general regulations of the Grand Lodge.

WILLIAM THOS. BAIN
Grand Secretary.
Raleigh, Oct. 19, 1855. 95—3t.

BUSINESS NOTICE.—THE AUCTION AND Commission business under the style and firm of Litchford & Cooke will hereafter be conducted by the undersigned, and he will settle the former business.
J. J. LITCHFORD.
Raleigh, Oct. 25, 1855. 96—

FOR SALE,
A highly valuable water-power on a never-failing stream, with an abundant supply of water, and near the Railroad.

THE SUBSCRIBER, INTENDING TO REMOVE to the southwest, wishes to sell his
OIL, GRIST AND SAW MILLS
situate on Neuse River, about nine miles northeast of the city of Raleigh, and two and a half miles from Huntsville Depot, on the Raleigh and Gaston Railroad.

The mill tract contains about thirty-two acres of land lying on both sides of the river.

The OIL MILL is in perfect order, its machinery is of the most approved construction, and is capable of producing fifteen thousand gallons, per annum, of cotton seed, linseed and castor oil. There are also attached to it one of Carver's largest size cotton gins and a cotton screw. Fifteen year's acquaintance with the oil making business justifies him in the remark that it is one of the most profitable and satisfactory that he has any knowledge of.

The SAW MILL, re-built two years ago, and running with Hotchkiss's vertical wheels, is surpassed by few in the country, and a ready sale is found for the lumber at the mill.

The GRIST MILL has a large custom, and being in a thickly settled and largely grain-growing neighbourhood, would, with slight repairs, command a custom yielding 500 barrels of toll corn a year, while at a small expense a flour mill could be attached to it which would yield an annual toll of one thousand bushels of wheat.

A more favourable opportunity for a profitable investment, in Wake county, has never been presented. In the hands of a prudent and energetic man, who would give them his personal attention, these mills would pay for themselves in a very short time.

WILLIAM J. CLARKE.
Raleigh, June 19th, 1855. 61—tf.

JUST PUBLISHED.

BAYARD TAYLOR'S NEW BOOK.—A Visit to India, China, Loo-Choo and Japan, in the year 1853, by Bayard Taylor, with elegant Steel Engravings. 12mo. cloth. Price $1 50.

This volume is a record of the author's own experience during a year's travel in the above named countries, and is intended to convey an accurate idea of their present physical and social aspect. The results of the writer's observations are given in the same delightfully natural style which characterizes his previous works.

"We welcome with pleasure this long promised work. The last of three volumes comprising the travels in Central Africa, Egypt and India, of one of the most indefatigable travelers of the day. We know of no books of the kind that keep the reader's attention so much alive."—Sunday Dispatch.

"Mr. Taylor has earned a reputation as a traveller, never equaled by any American, and surpassed by but few persons now living. We venture the assertion, that this new book will be generally confessed to be his greatest and best work."—*Eastern Argus.*

For Sale by
W. L. POMEROY.
Raleigh, Oct. 25, 1855. 97—

A HUMOROUS VOLUME.

QUIZZICAL, SATIRICAL, MIRTHFUL AND SPARKLING.—*Published this day, A Basket of Chips*, by John Brougham, illustrated by McLenan. 1 vol., 12mo. Price, $1 25.

EXTRACT FROM PREFACE.

"A Basket of Chips" is a somewhat unpromising repast to ask any one to participate in, to be sure, and the unsavoriness of the name will, no doubt, be eagerly laid hold of by some of the critics. Perhaps it might be as well, in explanation of the title, to say that the random sketches contained in this volume are but the sawdust and shavings accumulated during intervals of more laborious carpentry.

For Sale by W. L. POMEROY.
Raleigh, Oct. 25, 1855. 97—

LIST OF NEW BOOKS, NOW READY.

I. ALFRED TENNYSON—Maud and other Poems, 50 cents.
II. CHARLES READE—Peg Woffington, a Novel, 75 cents.
CHRISTIE JOHNSTONE, a Novel, 75 cents
CLOUDS AND SUNSHINE, 75 cents.
III. WILLIAM HOWITT—Land, Labor and Gold, 2 vols. 16mo., $2.
A BOY'S ADVENTURES IN THE WILDS OF AUSTRALIA, with Illustrations, 75 cents.
IV. THOMAS DE QUINCEY—The Note Book, 75 cts.
V. CHARLES KINGSLEY—The Voyages and Adventures of Aynas Leigh. $1,25.
GLAUCUS, OR THE WONDERS OF THE SHORE, 50 cents.
VI. LIEUT. ARNOLD, (son of Dr. Arnold, of Rugby)—Oakfield, a Novel, $1.
For sale by
W. L. POMEROY.
Raleigh, Oct. 26, 1855. 97—

RECENT PUBLICATIONS.—THE NEW COMES. By Thackery.
The Land of Gold. Reality versus Fiction. By Hinton R. Helper.
A visit to the Camp before Sebastopol. By Richard C. McCormick.
Scenes in the Practice of a New York Surgeon. By Edward H. Dixon, D. D.
The Life of Devereau. By his Son.
The Footsteps of St. Paul.
Life in California. Mountains and Molehills.
History of the Council of Trent. By L. F. Bungener.
The Araucanians; Or, Notes of a Tour among the Indian Tribes of Chili. By Edmond Ruel Smith.
A Basket of Chips. By John Brougham.
America. Political and Social. By Schaff.
Fairy Tales of Many Nations.
Wirt's Letter of the British Spy.
Chandler's Plan of Sebastopol.
For sale by
W. L. POMEROY.
October 16, 1855. 94—

JOHNSTON'S CHEMISTRY OF COMMON LIFE.—Just received a large supply of this truly valuable work.
W. L. POMEROY.
October 16, 1855. 94—

JUST RECEIVED.—A GOOD ARTICLE OF Mackerel and Herrings, and for sale by
J. J. LITCHFORD.
October 23, 1855. 96—

NEW MEDICAL BOOKS.—Copland's Dictionary of Practical Medicine, vols. 1 and 2 now ready—to be completed in three volumes.
Clinical Lectures on the diseases of women and children, by Gunning S. Bedford, A. M., M. D., Professor of Obstetrics, &c., in the University of New York.
Todd on the nervous system.
A Lexicon of technical terms employed in medical science at the present day, by D. M. Reese, M. D., L. L. D.
The Dispensatory of the United States of America, by Wood and Bache. Last edition.
The Diseases of the Human Teeth, by Fox and Harriss.
For sale by
W. L. POMEROY.
September 7, 1855. 82—

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA, JOHNSON COUNTY—Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, August Term, 1855.—Joseph Hare, John Hare, and others *vs.* Stephen Rentfrow.—Caveat to a Will.

A paper writing, purporting to be the last will and testament of John Hare, deceased, was produced in open Court by Stephen Rentfrow, the Executor therein named, and by him propounded for probate as the last Will and Testament of the said John Hare, deceased. When Joseph Hare, John Hare and Rufus Hare, as next of kin of John Hare, deceased, appear in open Court, protest against, and enter their Caveat to the probate of said paper writing, as the last will and testament of said John Hare, deceased. And thereupon the Court do order and direct that the Jury be sworn and empaneled to enquire "whether the said paper writing is the last Will and Testament of John Hare, deceased." And it appearing to the satisfaction of the Court that Willis Hare, who is one of the next of kin to the said John Hare, deceased, is a non-resident of this State; it is ordered that publication be made in the N. C. Weekly Standard for six weeks, notifying the said Willis Hare and next of kin to be and appear at the next Term of this Court to be held for the County of Johnston, at the Courthouse in Smithfield, on the 4th Monday of November next, and see proceedings

Witness: J. H. Keneday, Clerk of our said Court, at office, the 4th Monday of August, 1855.
J. H. KENEDAY, Cl'k.
October 26, 1855. 1097—6w.

SELLING OFF GREAT BARGAINS.

I HEREBY GIVE NOTICE TO THE PUBLIC OF this city and vicinity, that I am back from New York, where I purchased a large and nice Stock of Goods, which I offer at very cheap prices.

A large assortment of READY MADE CLOTHING for Men and Boys, made up to my own order; also, Gentlemen's Furnishing Goods. Dry Goods, Hosiery, Boots & Shoes, for Ladies and Gentlemen; all kinds of Fashionable Hats & Caps, Blankets, Umbrellas, Trunks and Carpet Bags, &c.

A fine assortment of Gold & Silver Watches, sold at very low prices; Gold Chains, and all kinds of Jewelry.

Please give me a call, and examine my Goods. You will find good Goods, sold at low prices.

Crystals put on Watches, for 25 Cents apiece.
N. KRAMER,
Wilmington Street.
Raleigh, Oct. 1855. 93—6m.

DESIRABLE CITY PROPERTY FOR SALE.

THE SUBSCRIBER OFFERS FOR SALE HIS residence immediately opposite the Bank of the State. The lot faces 310 feet on Newbern street, and runs back 150 feet with Blunt street. The improvements consist of the dwelling containing six comfortable rooms, a servant's house with five rooms, a kitchen, an office, and a stable. The garden is one of the largest and most productive in the City, and is well stocked with fruit trees.

Persons desiring to purchase will be shown the premises on application to
WILLIAM J. CLARKE.
Raleigh, June 19th, 1855. 61—tf.

NEW STORE.—AT THE OLD STAND OF JOHN PRIMROSE, on Fayetteville street, just above the Market House.

The subscriber has opened a full stock of Dry Goods, Clothing, Jewelry, Groceries, and a general assortment of every thing usually kept in a City Store, which he will sell at wholesale or retail at cost. He is determined to sell, and must and will sell; and those in want of goods or groceries can now get bargains. Call soon, and give me a trial before you buy elsewhere.

MARX. SCHLOSS.
Raleigh, Feb. 2, 1855. 81—tf.

THE GREAT SOUTHERN WEEKLY!

THE SPECTATOR:
WASHINGTON CITY, D. C.

A FAMILY JOURNAL OF LITERATURE AND NEWS FOR SOUTHERN READERS.

THE SOUTH HAS TOO LONG BEEN DEPENDENT upon the northern cities for its periodical literature. The weekly newspapers of Boston, New York, and Philadelphia, have swept like a flood over that part of the nation south of Mason and Dixon's Line, many of them carrying with them some of the prejudices of abolitionism; and inculcating, to a greater or less extent, doctrines injurious to southern institutions. This dependence of the mass of southern readers should be thrown off—and it is believed would have been long ago, if there had been facilities in the South for the publication of first class literary papers.

THE SPECTATOR,

Is published by a gentleman who has long been connected with some of the southern dailies, and has been undertaken to supply this want—that of a high-toned weekly paper

Of Southern interest and character.

The general plan of the paper is as follows: It has eight pages; three of which are filled with the best articles on Literature, Science, and the Arts; one to the editor's comments upon passing themes; one to general news, foreign and domestic; one to the interests of the Farmer—[the information on this page will be mainly derived from the Agricultural Bureau of the U. S. Patent Office]; one to a synopsis of the operations of the Departments of the Government; and one, during the winter, to a report of the proceedings of Congress: altogether making a plan which will be rigidly adhered to, and which is unequalled by any paper in the country, North or South.

The SPECTATOR is printed on new type and on fine paper. Its quarto form makes it convenient for binding, and each annual volume being accompanied by a full index, it will be a most valuable paper for preservation and reference.

Subscription, Two dollars a year. No paper is sent without the money. Specimen copies can be had on application to

AUG. F. HARVEY,
Editor and Publisher,
Washington, D. C.
Raleigh, Aug. 12, 1855. 1080—12tw.

"THE SPECTATOR."

A WEEKLY JOURNAL PUBLISHED AT WASHINGTON CITY.

THE UNDERSIGNED PROPOSE TO COMMENCE about the first of June next, in the City of Washington, the publication of a weekly newspaper, to be called the SPECTATOR, designed for general circulation among the people of the United States. Its columns will contain a full digest of the news of the day, foreign and domestic; a weekly review of finance and the markets; a synopsis of the proceedings of Congress during its session; tables of election returns; the important political action of State legislatures, and of party conventions; interesting miscellaneous and scientific matter; articles on Agriculture; together with original articles upon the leading topics of the day. Much valuable information relative to the operations of the Executive Departments of the Government, together with a weekly list of new patents, will be found in its columns. A large portion of its space will be devoted to light literature, original and selected. Its location as the political centre of the Union, will afford opportunities always to procure the latest information on public affairs.

It is the intention of the undersigned to make the SPECTATOR an acceptable visiter to every house in the Union, and it will therefore not assume on any occasion the position of a partizan paper, nor will it owe any allegiance to men; but entertaining fixed and decided views on questions of political economy, and upon our system of government, it will disseminate and promulgate them as occasion may require—always keeping carefully in view the interests of the country, growing out of foreign as well as domestic affairs.

The SPECTATOR will be printed in quarto from, on good paper and new type; each number containing eight pages of matter, making one volume annually of 416 pages.—Each volume will be accompanied by a full and complete index to its contents, thus making it a most valuable paper for preservation and reference. It will be published every Saturday morning, at $2 per annum, payable always in advance. No paper will be continued beyond the time for which it is paid.

All subscription and communications on business should be addressed to the undersigned at Washington, D. C.

AUG. F. HARVEY & Co.
Washington City, May 22, 1855. 52—

THE LARGEST, CHEAPEST,
AND BEST READING
Weekly Paper in Virginia,
IS THE
WEEKLY EXPRESS,

ONLY TWO DOLLARS PER ANNUM, CONTAINING FORTY COLUMNS READING MATTER, PRINTED ON A DOUBLE SHEET.

IT IS PUT TO PRESS AT A LATE HOUR ON FRIday, and sent off by the first mails; so that all subscribers, within two hundred and fifty miles of Petersburg, on any line of railroad, will receive the

Weekly Express on Saturday Night,

Containing the latest Telegraphic News from every section of this Country and Europe.

ITS LEADING FEATURES ARE,

American Biography, Interesting Fiction, Agricultural Matter, Arts and Sciences, Incidents of Travel, Wit and Humor, Domestic News, Sabbath Reading, Old World Matters, Choice Miscellany.

The Weekly Express will give full particulars of events that transpire in this Great Country. We can and do boast of

Our Size, our Quantity of Matter, our Best Selections, and of all that Interests the Reading World!

Subscriptions received at "The Express Office," in the Express Building, Petersburg, Va., Bank Street, between Sycamore and Market Streets, and near the Exchange and Virginia Banks, the Post Office and Merchants' Exchange.

To Postmasters and other Agents, a discount of 20 per cent. is given for all clubs of five and over; or six copies sent for ten dollars. All orders promptly attended to. Address,

ANDREW F. CRUTCHFIELD & CO.,
Bank Street, Petersburg, Va.
June 8, 1855. 57—

Bricks! Bricks!! Bricks!!!

THE SUBSCRIBERS HAVING MADE PERMANENT arrangements for carrying on the BRICK-MAKING business on an extensive scale, are now prepared to contract for the delivery, during the ensuing season, of from *one to two million* of Bricks of the *best quality* and at such *prices* as will *defy all competition*.

Orders from a distance will be promptly attended to, and bricks delivered at either of the Depots if desired.

GEO. T. COOKE & CO.
Raleigh, March 7, 1855. 30—tf.
☞ Register copy.

NEW JEWELRY STORE.

CHARLES H. THOMPSON,

WOULD RESPECTFULLY INFORM THE CITIZENS of Raleigh, the county and the country adjoining that he has fittedup in splendid style the house formerly occupied by the Insurance Company, on the west side of Fayetteville Street, and between Mr. S. H. Young's and Murray & O'Neal's Dry Good Stores, where he has opened a *rich and beautiful assortment of* NEW JEWELRY of all the modern styles, consisting of the ornamented and the useful, and to which he invites the attention of the Ladies.

He has also for the gentlemen a good lot of GOLD and SILVER WATCHES, which will be warranted to perform well, when delivered to the customer; also a few excellent double barrel guns brought on expressly for the hunters of Carolina, also a great variety of walking Canes. In fact at the New Jewelry Store, any and every thing usually kept in such establishments may be found at prices that cannot fail to please the customer.

Repairing executed at short notice and satisfaction guaranteed.

October 15, 1854. 94—tf.
☞ Register, Post, Age, Metropolitan copy.

PLEASANT GROVE MALE ACADEMY,
Wake Forest, N. C.—WILLIAM M. CRENSHAW, A. B., Principal.—The Seventh Session of this Institution will commence on the 2nd Monday in January next. Tuition from $7 to $15 per session. The Academy is situated 1 mile from Forestville. The location of this institution for health, morality and convenience cannot be surpassed by any. The Trustees of this school have more than realized their expectations in Mr. CRENSHAW as a teacher, and would say to the public that he is a thorough scholar and a good instructor. Board can be had at $6 per month. For further particulars address DR. WESLEY HARTSFIELD
Forestville, Wake Co., N. C.
Nov. 28, 1853. 3—tf.

PINEY POINT LINE TO BALTIMORE.
ON SUNDAY OF EACH WEEK.
FARE ONLY $4.

THE PUBLIC ARE HEREBY INFORMED THAT the comfortable Steamer MARYLAND, Captain Chas. E. Mitchell, having been entirely refitted, enlarged and improved in every respect, is now on the route between Petersburg and Baltimore once weekly.

Passengers by this agreeable and economical line will leave Petersburg by the Morning Train on Sunday of each week at 4½ o'clock, A. M., and reach Baltimore in the course of the night, thus securing a connection with the different lines out of Baltimore the following morning in any direction.

Returning, passengers will leave Baltimore on the afternoon of Wednesday of each week, at 5 o'clock, P. M., and arrive at Petersburg, by a special train, at an early hour next evening.

Fare in either direction, $4. Forward Cabin passengers same price, but with meals on board of the steamer Maryland included.

Fare for first class passengers between Baltimore and Philadelphia, by the New Castle and Frenchtown line, $2 50; for second class do. $1 50—making the whole fare from Petersburg to Philadelphia, by this agreeable line, $6 50 only, for the first class passengers, and $5 50 for second class do., including meals for the latter on board the steamer Maryland.

For further particulars, or through tickets, apply at the Office of the Richmond, Petersburg and Potomac Rail Road Company.

RICHARD FURT, Jr., Ticket Agent.
P. S.—Fare to Piney Point, with privilege of returning at any time during the boat season, $4 only.
R. F., Jr., Ticket Agent.
February 27, 1855. 35—tf.

DeQUINCEY'S NEW WORK.—THE NOTE Book of an English Opium Eater, by Thomas De Quincey.
Also, DeQuincey's former writings, comprising the following,
The Confessions of an English Opium Eater, and the Suspiria de Profundis, 1 vol 16mo, with portrait, cloth
The Biographical Essays, 1 vol 16mo, "
The Miscellaneous Essays, do "
The Caesars, do "
Literary Reminiscences, 2 vols 16mo, "
Narrative and Miscellaneous Papers, 2 vols 16mo, "
Essays on the Poets, 1 vol 16mo, "
Historical and Critical Essays, 2 vols 16mo, "
Autobiographic Sketches, 1 vol 16mo, "
Essays on Philosophical Writers, 2 vols 16mo, "
Theological Essays and other Papers, do "
Letters to a Young Man, and other Papers, 1 vol 16mo, "
For sale by W. L. POMEROY.
Sept. 18, 1855. 86—tf.

RECENT PUBLICATIONS.—THE HISTORY of Napoleon Bonsparte, by John S. C. Abbott, with maps and illustrations.
Memoir of Rev. Sydney Smith, by his daughter, Lady Holland, with a selection from his letters, edited by Mrs. Austin.
Hudson's edition of Shakespeare, vol. 8, now ready.
For sale by W. L. POMEROY.
Sept. 13, 1855. 85—

TO MERCHANTS AND OTHERS.—WRAPping Paper, a supply of various sizes and qualities, prices to correspond, just received from the "Raleigh Paper Mills," and for sale low by W. L. POMEROY.
P. S.—Orders will receive prompt attention.
Sept. 14, 1855. 85—

A. J. ROGERS,
Attorney at Law,

WILL PRACTICE IN THE COUNTIES OF NASH, Franklin, Granville and Warren. May be found at his office in Nashville, N. C.
Sept. 7. 1855. 1090—wtf.

MOUNTAIN HOUSE.
CAPON SPRINGS.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING BEEN SOLICITED by many southern friends to extend the present season, have determined to keep the Mountain House open for their accommodation until the 10th day of October.

The three tournaments for the season will take place on the 28th of August, the 12th and 26th of September.

The fare will be reduced five dollars per month, and two dollars per week, after the 1st of Sept.

BLAKEMORE & INGRAM.
August 19, 1855. 83—

FALL AND WINTER STOCK FOR 1855.

LYNN ADAMS,
Market Square,

WOULD RESPECTFULLY INFORM HIS friends and the public generally that he is now receiving his supply of Fall Goods comprising in part: Groceries of every kind, Shoes, Leather, Iron of every description, a general assortment of Hardware, Anvil and Belows, Salt, Spun Cotton, together with other Goods too numerous to mention, being the *largest and best* stock he has ever had the pleasure of offering to the public. He invites an examination from all, being confident that he can offer inducements both as to quality and prices, not to be met with in any other like establishment in this city, county, or State.

For the generous patronage I have heretofore received, I take this method of returning my sincere thanks, and hope by personal and strict attention to my business to merit a continuance of the same.

The best brands of Family Flour always on hand.
LYNN ADAMS.
Raleigh, Sept. 15, 1855. 1092—6mw.

AUTUMN SALES.

STEVENSON & WEDDELL,
Importers and Wholesale Dealers in
FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC DRY GOODS,
No. 78 or 80, Sycamore Street,
PETERSBURG, VA.

WE ARE NOW PREPARED TO EXHIBIT to the Merchants of Virginia and North Carolin, a large and commanding stock of Foreign and Domestic Dry Goods. Having purchased largely of Heavy Woolens early in June, we can offer goods at such prices as cannot fail to command attention.

One of our firm will remain in New York during the season, in attendance at the Auction Sales, and forwarding anything, new and novel, as it may be received by the weekly steamers from Europe.

Merchants who are compelled by competition to buy at the lowest market rates, will find our styles and prices such as will enable them to compete successfully with those who purchase in the Northern markets.

STEVENSON & WEDDELL.
Petersburg, September 10, 1855. 84—

NIXON'S HOUSE.
[FORMERLY MRS. BORDEN'S]
West Side Railroad.
Goldsborough, N. C.

This extensive and well known public Establishment has been purchased and was reopened by the Subscriber for the reception of guests on the 4th inst.

It is pleasantly and conveniently situated in the centre of business, and is directly opposite to, and WEST of the Ticket Offices, of the Wilmington and Weldon and the Centeral Railroad Companies, where the cars stop on their arrival and departure, and where FAITHFUL SERVANTS WILL BE IN WAITING to take baggage, and give such other attentions as the traveller may require.

THE HOUSE has been remodelled, repaired, and thoroughly renovated from cellar to garret, and furnished throughout with New Furniture, selected with special care, and arranged with an eye single to the comforts of the casual guest or permanent boarder.

THE TABLE

Will be richly furnished with the substantials, the dainties and delicacies of the seasons. Foreign as well as domestic markets will be rendered tributary to the constant supply, which will be served up in the best style, by orderly, obliging and well trained servants.

THE BAR

Will be a Storehouse of the best Wines and Liquors, and superintended by a gentleman of courtesy and integrity, thoroughly acquainted with his business—comprising the knowledge of what is due to the rights and comforts of the public, as well as to himself and his employer.

THE STABLES,

which are among the best in the State, have been placed in the keeping of a skillful and careful manager, who will always have under his care the best and most experienced ostlers, and it will be among the chief cares of the proprietor to see that horses of his guests be well fed and thoroughly groomed.

This entire establishment has been purchased and fitted up at an enormous expense, and it will be the pleasure, as, of course, it will be the interest of the subscriber, to render the House in every respect equal to any in the country. He therefore trusts that a generous public will renew and continue the liberal patronage heretofore extended to this House, while under the care of its former proprietress, Mrs. Borden, who gained for it a celebrity throughout the entire Union.

H. R. NIXON.
August 14, 1855. 77—1y.

NEW FIRM---TO THE PUBLIC.

BECKWITH AND CLAYTON WOULD inform their friends and the public generally that they have entered into partnership, and have on hand for the *Fall and Winter Trade*, at the old stand of I. Beckwith, opposite Lawrence's Hotel, a heavy stock of

GROCERIES,

which the following list in part comprises.

A large lot of **Coffee---Laguira, Rio and Java.**
Coffee Sugar---Crushed and Clarified, of different grades and prices.
A good lot of **Teas.**
A heavy stock of **Sole and Upper Leather.**
A large assortment of **Boots and Shoes,** among which are fine calf and kip boots, calf shoes—ladies' and gents'. Also, a good lot of **Brogans,** for men and boys.
Candles---Adamantine and Tallow.
All kinds of **Fancy Soap.**
Shot, Powder and Caps.
Water Buckets of different kinds.
125 **Bags of Salt---Liverpool and Grn'd Alum.**
Nails of all sizes. **Cotton Yarns.**
Bacon, Lard, Flour and Meal.
A lot of splendid **Tobacco.**
Bagging and Rope.
A good lot of **Cigars**—various brands.
Also, a good lot of

DRY GOODS,

Among which are to be found **Domestics** from 4 to 5 qrs. wide, **Bleaching Goods** for Gentlemen's wear, such as **Cassimere, Satinet, Kentucky Jeans, Tweeds, Osnaburgs and Kerseys,** a fine lot of heavy **Blankets and Hats** suitable for negro's wear, and a great many others too tedious to mention.

☞ Our goods will be sold upon accommodating terms for CASH. Please give us a call and examine for yourselves.

Raleigh, September 26, 1855. 88—tf.

Raleigh and Gaston Railroad.

WINTER ARRANGEMENT.

ON AND AFTER MONDAY, THE FIRST DAY OF October, the passenger train will leave the Depot at Raleigh at precisely 15 minutes before 7 o'clock, A. M., and run to Franklinton by 8, where it will stop 25 minutes, allowing ample time for the passengers to take breakfast at an excellent House. The schedule otherwise will remain as at present.

E. A. CRUDUP, President.
Office R. & G. R. R.
Sept. 25, 1855. 89—tf.

THE LAND OF GOLD, BY A NORTH CAROLINIAN.—Price reduced to 75 cents. The book will be sent by mail, free of postage, on the receipt of 90 cents.
For sale by H. D. TURNER.
Raleigh, Sept. 16, 1855. 86—

CHEAP SATINETT PANTS.—50 PAIRS JUST received, suitable for servants.
Also, 50 Coats of the same material, at $5 25 per suit.
E. L. HARDING.
Raleigh, Oct. 13, 1855. 93—3t.

THE SEASON HAS ARRIVED WHEN those in want of fine Clothing should call and examine the stock arriving daily at the Clothing Establishment of E. L. HARDING.
Oct. 19, '55. 95—3t.

ED. GRAHAM HAYWOOD,
Counsellor and Attorney at Law,
RALEIGH, N. C.

Will attend the County and Superior Courts of Wake, Johnston, Chatham and New Hanover. He is to be found at the office formerly occupied by the late Hon. Will. H. Haywood.
Raleigh, January 8, 1854. 16—wAww6m.

JAMES J. IREDELL,
Attorney and Counsellor at Law,
RALEIGH, N. C.

Will attend to all business entrusted to him, in the Courts of this and the adjoining Counties.
Office—the one occupied by the late Hon. James Iredell.
Raleigh, June 15th, 1853. 69—tf.

Law Copartnership.
MILLER AND ROGERS,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW,
RALEIGH, N. C.

Will attend promptly to all business entrusted to them.
H. W. MILLER, S. H. ROGERS
October 23, 1854. 66—tf.

A. M. McPHEETERS, H. CHISELIN, J. W. MARTIN.
A. M. McPHEETERS, & CO.
Wholesale Grocers,
FORWARDING AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
Office at No. 6, Roanoke Square,
NORFOLK, VA.
REFERENCES:
THOMAS P. DEVEREUX, Esq., Halifax, N. C.
GEO. W. MORDECAI, Pres't Bank of the State of N. C.
C. DEWEY, Cashier " "
W. H. JONES, Cashier Bank of Cape Fear.
L. O'B. BRANCH, President Raleigh and Gaston Road.
Messrs. Reid & Scutter, Dr. N. C. Whitehead, Pres't Farmer's B'k of Va. Alex. Bell, Esq. } *Norfolk.*
Messrs. Spence & Reid, *Baltimore.*
" B. Blossom & Son, *New York.*
September 16, 1853. 87—

LEWIS & KING,
Commission Merchants,
MOBILE, ALABAMA.

B. B. LEWIS, formerly of Franklin Co., N. C.
Dr. PEYTON KING, of Pickens Co., Ala.
A. M. Lewis, our authorized agent of Raleigh, N. C.
June 6, 1854. 58—

KADER BIGGS & CO.,
GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
Tunis's Wharf, Town Point,
Norfolk, Va.

References—